#### Bossier Parish Police Jury Benton, Louisiana

**Primary Government Financial Statements** 

As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2010 With Supplemental Information Schedules

#### Bossier Parish Police Jury Benton, Louisiana

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#### Independent Auditors' Report

Bossier Parish Police Jury Benton, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bossier Parish Police Jury, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the parish's primary government as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Bossier Parish Police Jury's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

The financial statements do not include financial data for the Bossier Parish Police Jury's legally separate component units. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the financial data for those component units to be reported with the financial data of the primary government unless the Bossier Parish Police Jury also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component units. The Bossier Parish Police Jury has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. This represents a departure from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The assets, liabilities, net assets, revenues, and expenses of the aggregate discretely presented component units are indeterminable.

In our opinion, because of the omission of the discretely presented component units, as discussed previously, the financial statements referred to previously do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units of the Bossier Parish Policy Jury as of December 31, 2010, or the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended.

Further, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the Bossier Parish Police Jury, as of December 31, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated July 7, 2011, on our consideration of the Bossier Parish Police Jury's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3-10, budgetary comparison information on pages 43-47, and schedule of funding progress for retiree health, dental, and life plans on page 48 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Bossier Parish Police Jury's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information schedules listed in the table of contents and shown on pages 49 – 58, are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, shown on page 59, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A–133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Cook & Morehart

Certified Public Accountants

July 7, 2011

#### **BOSSIER PARISH POLICE JURY**

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the Bossier Parish Police Jury's financial performance provides an overview of the Police Jury's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010. Please read it in conjunction with our financial statements, which begin on page 11.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the Police Jury exceeded its liabilities at the close of 2010 by \$242,908,385. Of this amount, \$3,281,213 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors in accordance with the Police Jury's fund designation and fiscal policies.
- The Police Jury's net assets increased by \$29,264,821 or 13%.
- The Police Jury's total general and program revenues were \$73,116,092 in 2010 compared to \$60,628,287 in 2009.
- During the year ended December 31, 2010, the Police Jury had total expenses, excluding depreciation, of \$36,785,123, compared to \$31,811,943 for 2009.

#### USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (on pages 11-12) provide information about the activities of the Police Jury as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Police Jury's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 13. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Police Jury's operations in more detail than the government—wide statements by providing information about the Police Jury's most significant funds.

#### Reporting the Police Jury as a Whole

Our analysis of the Police Jury as a whole begins on page 11. One of the most important questions asked about the Police Jury's finances is "Is the Police Jury as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the funds maintained by the Police Jury as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. Accrual of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Police Jury's net assets and changes in them. You can think of the Police Jury's net assets – the difference between assets and liabilities – as one way to measure the Police Jury's financial health, or *financial position*. Over time, increases or decreases in the Police Jury's net assets are one indicator of whether its *financial health* is

improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the Police Jury's property tax base, to assess the overall health of the Police Jury.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, we record the funds maintained by the Police Jury as governmental activities:

Governmental activities – all of the expenses paid from the funds maintained by the Police Jury are reported here, consisting primarily of personal services, materials and supplies, travel, repairs and maintenance and other program services. Ad valorem taxes and sales taxes finance most of these activities.

#### Reporting the Police Jury's Most Significant Funds

Our analysis of the major funds maintained by the Police Jury begins on page 13. The fund financial statements begin on page 13 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds maintained by the Police Jury – not the Police Jury as a whole. The Police Jury's governmental funds use the following accounting approaches:

Governmental funds — All of the Police Jury's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using the *modified accrual* accounting method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the Police Jury's general government operations and the expenses paid from those funds. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance certain Police Jury expenses. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* in a reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.

#### THE POLICE JURY AS A WHOLE

The Police Jury's total net assets changed from a year ago, increasing from \$213,643,564 to \$242,908,385. A comparative analysis of the funds maintained by the Police Jury is presented below.

Table 1
Net Assets

	GovernmentalGo	GovernmentalGovernmental		
	Activities	Activities		
	2009	2010		
Current and other assets	\$ 58,402,379	76,472,751		
Capital assets	209,969,771	<u>234,908,957</u>		
Total assets	<u>268,372,150</u>	<u>311,381,708</u>		
Current liabilities	3,451,368	3,021,881		
Long-term liabilities	51,277,218	65,451,442		
Total liabilities	54,728,586	68,473,323		
Net assets:				
Investments in capital assets,				
net of related debt	168,683,417	189,937,136		
Restricted	41,866,843	49,690,036		
Unrestricted	3,093,304	3,281,213		
Total net assets	\$ 213,643,564	<u>\$ 242,908,385</u>		

Net assets of the Police Jury's governmental activities increased by \$29,264,821 or 13%. Unrestricted net assets, the part of net assets that can be used to finance Police Jury expenses without constraints or other legal requirements, increased from \$3,093,304 at December 31, 2009 to \$3,281,213 at December 31, 2010.

Table 2
Change in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities 2009	Governmental Activities 2010
Program revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 2,180,809	\$ 2,388,809
Operating grants & contributions	17,555,191	26,596,655
Capital grants & contributions	534,086	980,671
General revenues		
Ad valorem taxes	11,529,60	12,427,642
Sales taxes	19,394,646	21,651,826
Other taxes	1,054,304	1,209,912
Franchise taxes	266,180	274,330
Investment earnings	57,513	30,142
Gaming tax revenues	4,448,698	3 4,445,462
State revenue sharing	523,633	521,596
Gain on sale of land	425,06	3 293,946
Miscellaneous revenues	2,658,55	2,295,101
Total revenues	60,628,28	73,116,092
Expenses		
General government	8,123,97	
Public safety	5,405,42	
Public works	13,682,64	
Health and welfare	3,439,06	3,890,387
Culture and recreation	4,454,94	
Economic development	287,43	7 3,275,846
Interest on long-term debt	2,323,45	
Total expenses	<u>\$37,716,94</u>	<u>\$43,851,271</u>
Increases in net assets	\$ 22,911,34	<u>\$ 29,264,821</u>

Total revenues increased \$12,487,805, or 20%, from total revenues in the year ended December 31, 2009 of \$60,628,287 to total revenues of \$73,116,092 in the year ended December 31, 2010, due in part to an increase of ad valorem tax and sales tax, as well as an increase in operating grants and contributions.

#### THE POLICE JURY'S FUNDS

As the Police Jury completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 13) reported a *combined* fund balance of \$68,721,812, which is higher than last year's fund balance of \$52,908,103. The primary reason for the increase in fund balance is increased revenues from sales tax and ad valorem taxes.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Police Jury adopted a budget for its General Fund for the year ended December 31, 2010, and amended the budget one time during the year. The budgetary comparison is presented as required supplementary information and shown on page 43. Highlights for the year are as follows:

- General fund expenditures were in line with the amended budget.
- The public safety expenditure budget was increased for the transfer of emergency medical services sales tax to the EMS district.

The Police Jury's General Fund balance of \$3,082,726 reported on page 13 differs from the General Fund's *budgetary* fund balance of \$1,435,911, reported in the budgetary comparison schedule on page 43. This is primarily due to the Police Jury budgeting on the cash basis of accounting.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

At the end of December 31, 2010, the Police Jury had invested \$234,908,957 in capital assets. (see table 3 below)

Table 3
Capital Assets At Year End
(Net of Depreciation)

	-	Activities 2009	G	overnmental Activities 2010
Land	\$	8,016,882	\$	8,193,152
Construction in progress		24,916,170		4,440,443
Buildings		63,785,541		90,492,612
Infrastructure		109,498,533		126,484,138
Equipment, furnishings, vehicles		2,891,985		4,390,688
Library books & materials		860,660	-	907,924
Total	\$	209,969,771	\$	234,908,957

This year's major additions included:

\$ 4,470,200
13,764,596
266,235
8,317,495
2,107,307
2,832,134
353,396
\$

#### Debt

Outstanding debt of the Police Jury includes: \$1,910,000 issued in 2005 for acquiring, construction, improving and equipping the public library facilities and system, \$5,000,000 issued in 2010 for acquiring sewer systems to create a sewer district, \$24,830,000 issued in 2010 for refunding of the courthouse addition/renovation and jail construction projects, \$6,310,000 issued in 2010 for refunding of the courthouse addition/renovation and jail construction projects, \$8,162,000 issued in 2010 for public improvement projects in the parish of Bossier and \$15,575,000 issued in 2007 for public projects in the parish of Bossier.

TABLE 4
Outstanding Debt at Year End

	Governmental Activities 2009	Governmental Activities 2010
Certificates of Indebtedness, Series 2002 (Capital Improvements Fund)	\$ 30,700,000	-
Certificates of indebtedness, Series 2005 (backed by ad valorem tax revenue in the Library Fund)	\$ 2,245,000	\$ 1,910,000
Revenue bonds, Series 2010 (backed by sales tax revenue in Capital Improvements Fund)	-	\$ 5,000,000
Revenue bonds, Series 2010A (backed by sales tax revenue in Capital Improvements Fund)	-	\$ 24,830,000

Revenue bonds, Series 2010B (backed by sales tax revenue in Capital Improvements Fund)

\$ 6,310,000

Revenue bonds, Series 2010 Build America Bond (backed by sales tax revenue in Capital Improvements Fund)

\$ 8,162,000

Revenue bonds, Series 2007

(LCDA Improvements)

\$16,200,000

\$15,575,000

State law restricts the amount of debt that the Police Jury may issue. The aggregate principal amount of debt may not exceed 10% of the assessed valuation for property tax purposes of all real and personal property located within the parish. The Police Jury's total debt outstanding at year end was well below this limitation.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay, special assessment debt relating to paving of Valerie Lane in Bossier Parish, and other post employment obligations. More detailed information about the debt is presented in Note 10 to the financial statements.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

The Police Jury's management considered many factors when setting a fiscal year December 31, 2010 budget. Amounts available for appropriation in the governmental funds are expected to increase due to an increase in sales tax and gaming tax revenues. Ad valorem taxes will increase due to continued residential and commercial development.

The police jury expects to receive approximately \$2,490,000 in capital outlay from the State of Louisiana to establish a sewer district in the parish. It is the intent of the police jury to obtain a loan from the State of Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality for approximately \$17,750,000 for the sewer district project. The police jury obtained a loan from the Jonesboro State Bank in the amount of \$5,000,000 for the sewer district project. The police jury has signed a contract in relation to this project for approximately \$2,741,500 for engineering services. Of this amount, approximately \$1,759,300 is still outstanding.

In 2010 the police jury purchased approximately a 15 acre tract of land in the amount of \$1,052,729 with the intent to construct a new juvenile detention facility.

#### CONTACTING THE POLICE JURY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens and taxpayers with a general overview of the finances for those funds maintained by the police jury and to show the police jury's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Bossier Parish Police Jury, P. O. Box 70, Benton, Louisiana 71006.

#### Bossier Parish Police Jury Benton, Louisiana Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2010

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,723,179
Investments	32,775,521
Restricted cash	8,211,969
Restricted investments	5,898,115
Receivables	15,843,187
Prepaid expenses	834,421
Deferred bond issuance costs	3,186,359
Capital assets, net	234,908,957
Total assets	311,381,708
Liabilities  Accounts payable and accrued expenses  Deferred revenue  Long-term liabilities:  Due within one year  Due in more than one year	3,021,881 3,289,096 62,162,346
Total liabilities	68,473,323
Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	189,937,136
Debt Service	1,707,227
Capital Projects	7,693,256
Public Works	22,079,699
Public Safety	3,069,064
Economic Development	956,924
Culture and recreation	11,524,302
Other purposes	2,659,564
Unrestricted	3,281,213_
Total net assets	\$ 242,908,385

## Bossier Parish Police Jury Benton, Louisiana Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

			Program Revenue	S	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Functions / Programs:					
Governmental Activities					
General government:			rh.	r.	\$ (66,838)
Zoning and planning	\$ 66,838	\$	\$	\$	\$ (66,838) (466,307)
Legislative	466,307				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Judicial	2,038,201	1,403,857			(634,344)
Elections	191,801	m m 100 m m			(191,801)
Finance and administrative	2,592,466	20,700	0.50		(2,571,766)
Other	3,077,383	280,260	350		(2,796,773)
Public safety	6,344,972	244,491		000 074	(6,100,481)
Public works	14,893,666	370,906	22,771,879	980,671	9,229,790
Health and welfare	3,890,387		3,810,770		(79,617)
Culture and recreation	4,815,427	68,595	13,656		(4,733,176)
Economic development	3,275,846				(3,275,846)
Interest on long-term debt	2,197,977				(2,197,977)
Total governmental activities	43,851,271	2,388,809	26,596,655	980,671	(13,885,136)
		General revenues:			
		Ad valorem tax	es		12,427,642
		Sales taxes			21,651,826
		Gaming tax rev	renues		4,445,462
		Franchise taxes			274,330
		Other taxes	***		1,209,912
		Investment ear	ninas		30,142
		State revenue s	-		521,596
		Gain on sale of	_		293,946
		Miscellaneous	1641164		2,295,101
		Total general rev	venues		43,149,957
		Change in net asse			29,264,821
		Net assets - beginn	ning		213,643,564
		Net assets - ending	g		\$ 242,908,385

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Bossier Parish Police Jury Benton, Louisiana Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2010

1,243,053		-	.comdo:III	i ihran	Capital	BABS	Correctional Facilities	Industrial Park	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 112.232 \$ 5.443.063 \$ 1.209.790 \$ \$ 417.749 \$ 108.110 \$ 2.245,779 \$ 1.099.693 \$ 1.499.918 \$ 1.249.967 \$ 1.549.967 \$ 1.549.967 \$ 1.549.967 \$ 1.71330 \$ 1.71330 \$ 1.409.7297 \$ 1.249.967 \$ 1.559.967 \$ 1.549.967 \$ 1.549.967 \$ 1.549.967 \$ 1.549.967 \$ 1.549.967 \$ 1.549.967 \$ 1.549.967 \$ 1.549.967 \$ 1.549.967 \$ 1.549.967 \$ 1.549.967 \$ 1.549.967 \$ 1.549.967 \$ 1.549.967 \$ 1.549.967 \$ 1.559.967 \$ 1.549.9	•	Cellelai	( iii)	Lot LO I CALL V		The Contraction of the Contracti		- designation of the second		
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Jjects  ce 3.082.726 22,915,832 11,956,893  reported in nonmajor: venue funds  jects  11,956,893  4,685,411  8,071,297  2,977,939  953,148  953,148  jects funds  jects funds  jects funds  3,082,726  2,977,939  953,148  11,956,893  4,685,411  8,071,297  2,977,939  953,148  11,956,893  4,685,411  8,071,297  11,956,893	enue	553.451	productive productive and the second	-	90,780		584,458	739,922	357,187	3,846,506
bjects ce 3.082.726 22,915,832 11,956,893 reported in nonmajor: venue funds bjects funds 3.082.726 22,915,832 11,956,893 4,685,411 8,071,297 2,977,939 953,148 953,148 11,956,893 11,956,89	o in the same of t		Angeles and Angels and	valumaterialeningenenentaleningenenentaleningenenentaleningenenen over	downstandeleidenjejejejejejejejejejejejejejejejejejej					
projects       4,685,411       8,071,297       2,977,939       953,148         ad reported in nonmajor: revenue funds       3,082,726       22,915,832       11,956,893       4,685,411       8,071,297       2,977,939       953,148         projects funds       3,082,726       22,915,832       11,956,893       4,685,411       8,071,297       2,977,939       953,148         palances       3,082,726       22,915,832       11,956,893       4,685,411       8,071,297       3,562,397       5,1693,070	Ċ									
3,082,726       22,915,832       11,956,893       4,685,411       8,071,297       2,977,939       953,148         3,082,726       22,915,832       11,956,893       4,685,411       8,071,297       2,977,939       953,148         s       3,082,726       22,915,832       11,956,893       4,776,191       \$ 8,071,297       \$ 3,562,397       \$ 1,693,070	projects				4,685,411				0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 0 7 0 0 7 0 0 0 0 0 0	4,685,411
3,082,726 22,915,832 11,956,893 2,082,726 22,915,832 11,956,893 4,685,411 8,071,297 2,977,939 953,148 953,148	vice					8,071,297	0000	0.70	1,818,428	9,009,720
3,082,726 22,915,832 11,956,893 4,685,411 8,071,297 2,977,939 953,148	77	3,082,726					2,977,939	900,140		000,000,14
unds 3,082,726 22,915,832 11,956,893 4,685,411 8,071,297 2,977,939 953,148 of find balances \$ 3,636,177 \$ 23,781,051 \$ 12,612,382 \$ 4,776,191 \$ 8,071,297 \$ 3,562,397 \$ 1,693,070	d, reported in nonmajor:								3,093,598	3,093,598
Junds 3,082,726 22,915,832 11,956,893 4,685,411 8,071,297 2,977,939 953,148 954,110 balances \$ 3,636,177 \$ 23,781,051 \$ 12,612,382 \$ 4,776,191 \$ 8,071,297 \$ 3,562,397 \$ 1,693,070	revenue funds								9,166,540	9,166,540
d fund balances \$ 3,636,177 \$ 23,781,051 \$ 12,612,382 \$ 4,776,191 \$ 8,071,297 \$ 3,562,397 \$ 1,693,070	projects funds	307 080 8	*	-	4.685.411	8,071,297	2,977,939	953,148	14,078,566	68,721,812
\$ 12,612,382 \$ 4,776,191 \$ 8,071,297 \$ 3,562,397 \$ 1,693,070	balances	3,004,720	1	***************************************	passes and the second s		- Production of the Control of the C			
THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO I	abilities and fund balances	\$ 3,636,17	, \$ 23,781,051	i				- 11	\$ 14,435,753	\$ 72,568,318

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

# Bossier Parish Police Jury Benton, Louisiana Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2010

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	68,721,812
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		234,908,957
Deferred bond issuance costs are capitalized and amortized over the life of the bond issue for the government-wide statements, but are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Debt issuance costs		468,377
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		2,717,982
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, accrued interest payable, and other post-employment benefit payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		(65,562,643)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		819,479
The nonallocation method of accounting for prepayments is used in the fund statements, since the prepayment does not provide expendable financial resources.	a year nawani wanne ni sinka na	834,421
Net assets of governmental activities	\$	242,908,385

Bossier Parish Police Jury
Benton, Louisiana
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2010		10
Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 3		1, 20
	Governmental Funds	For the Year Ended December 3

								Other	Total
			:	Capital	BABS	Correctional	Industrial	Governmental	Governmental
Revenues:	9	Highway		nprovements	LCDA	racilities	Talk	t don one	1 Ulus
Ad valorern taxes	\$ 1,735,520		\$ 6,588,076	-	A-	4 2,043,722	A		
Sales tax	1,985,345	10,455,321		9,211,100					798 225
Licenses and permits	080'899	230,145	6			27 400		230 400 2	10 272 028
Intergovernmental revenues	1,527,864	3,465,497	170,323			21,488		2,001,030	10,213,020
Fees, charges, and commissions for services	83,975		31,518			716,01		0,120,241	2,00,00
Fines and forfeitures		250,032	37,076	!			i d	1,126,559	1,413,667
Investment earnings	6,465	9,112	4,680	305		1,211	821	7,452	30,142
Silved Handle	266,496	460,866	13,956	20,000		4,072	13,250	410,311	1,218,951
Misconario de la Total revenues	6,173,745	16,623,899	6,845,630	9,261,465		2,152,931	14,101	10,474,641	51,546,412
Expenditures:	no monanana produmentali monanta il producti di produc								
Curent									
General government:								6	600
Zoning and planning								ರಿಧಿ, ಭನನ	00,000
Fedislative	327,571							6	321,311
	556,269							1,302,882	1,859,151
	153,982								153,982
Ciconos and administrative	1.922,094							569,726	2,491,820
	201 504	140.476	203,369	1,938,448		63,077			2,546,874
Omer	201102					2,580,400		1,455,015	6,280,388
Public satety	4,574,313	9 585 013		142.397				193,883	8,921,293
Public works	011	2.0,000,0		68 244				3,602,664	3,819,680
Health and welfare	150,772		01000	th-7,00				289,359	3,930,824
Culture and recreation	/4,106		3,367,338	600 050 6			19 775	1 182 458	2,626,910
Economic development	146,075	6	000	1,470,002			720 421	2,650,340	10,007,884
Capital outlay	54,576	5,901,788	368,396	512,303			11.		
Debt service:								2 616 443	2.616.443
Principal retirement								2 888 474	2 886 471
Interest and other charges					6			440 200	508,41
Bond issuance costs			NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.		90,703			007'01 %	000,000
Total expenditures	5,831,922	14,627,277	4,139,124	3,738,054	90,703	2,643,477	/40,196	17,234,357	48,043,030
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							(300 967)	750 606)	2 501 322
	341,823	1,996,622	2,706,506	5,523,411	(80,703)	(430,340)	(120,030)	(00,100,000)	- C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C
Other financing sources (uses):							400,000		400,000
Sale of capital items					0 463 000			5 000 000	13.162.000
Proceeds from sale of bonds					g, 102,000			31 140 000	31,140,000
Proceeds of refunding bonds								(31,389,613)	(31,389,613)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	408 050	6 214 334		1.704.017		1,000,000		8,290,589	17,316,990
Transfers in	000,000	(175,000)	(405.000)	(4,852,000)				(11,594,990)	(17,316,990)
Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	(181,950)	6,039,334	(405,000)		8,162,000	1,000,000	400,000	1,445,986	13,312,387
Cook so mor full plant of the cook	The second secon	municipal description of the state of the st	myselassisistementing trees, the same	B (Department of the Control of the					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	159,873	8,035,956	2,301,506	2,375,428	8,071,297	509,454	(326,095)	(5,313,710)	15,813,709
Fund balances at beginning of year	2,922,853	14,879,876	9,655,387	2,309,983	es y escape est de de de proprieta est est de des de la company de la company de la company de la company de l	2,468,485	1,279,243	19,392,276	52,908,103
				200			¢ 053 148		\$ 68 721 812
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 3,082,726	\$ 22,915,832	\$ 11,956,893	4,063,411	167'I 10'0 @	9		*	11

#### Bossier Parish Policy Jury Benton, Louisiana

### Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	15,813,709
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.  This is the amount by which capital outlays (\$10,007,884) exceeded		
depreciation (\$7,066,148) in the current period.		2,941,736
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (sales, trade-ins, donated infrastructure, etc.) is to increase net assets.		21,997,452
Bond issuance costs are capitalized and amortized over the life of the bond issue for the government-wide statements, but are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Bond issuance costs		108,472
Costs paid to refunded bond escrow agent		2,717,982
The repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes current financial resources of governmental funds.		2,616,443
The payment to refunded bond escrow agent consumes current financial resources of governmental funds.		29,050,000
The nonallocation method of accounting for prepayments is used in the fund statements, since the prepayment does not provide expendable financial resources.		7,425
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(858,341)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.		(93,990)
Accrued interest expense on long-term debt is reported in the government- wide statement of activities and changes in net assets, but does not require the use of current financial resources; therefore, accrued interest expense is not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		710,614
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.  Bonds payable  Net OPEB obligation	No.	(44,302,000) (1,444,681)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	29,264,821
<b>▼</b>		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

#### INTRODUCTION

The Bossier Parish Police Jury is the governing authority for Bossier Parish and is a political subdivision of the State of Louisiana. The Police Jury is governed by 12 jurors representing the various districts within the parish. The jurors serve four-year terms that expire in December 2012.

Louisiana Revised Statute (R.S.) 33:1236 gives the police jury various powers in regulating and directing the affairs of the parish and its inhabitants. The more notable of those are the power to make regulations for its own government; to regulate the construction and maintenance of roads, bridges, and drainage systems; and to provide for the health and welfare of the poor, disadvantaged, and unemployed in the parish. Funding to accomplish these tasks is provided by ad valorem taxes, sales tax, beer and alcoholic beverage permits, state revenue sharing, gaming tax revenues, and various other state and federal grants.

#### (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Bossier Parish Police Jury's financial statements are prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GASB Statement 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, issued in June 1999. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Bossier Parish Police Jury are discussed below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

As the governing authority of the parish, for reporting purposes, the Bossier Parish Police Jury is the financial reporting entity for Bossier Parish. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government (police jury), (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which nature and significance of their relationship with police jury are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

GASB Statement No. 14 established criteria for determining which component units should be considered part of the Bossier Parish Police Jury for financial reporting purposes. The basic criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is financial accountability. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. This criteria includes:

- 1. Appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and
  - a. The ability of the police jury to impose its will on that organization and/or
  - b. The potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the police jury.
- 2. Organizations for which the police jury does not appoint a voting majority but are fiscally dependent on the police jury.

3. Organizations for which the reporting entity financial statements would be misleading if data of the organization is not included because of the nature or significance of the relationship.

Blended Component Unit – Component units that are legally separate from the police jury, but are so intertwined with the police jury that they are, in substance, the same as the police jury are blended component units. For a component unit to be blended, the organization's board and the police jury must be substantively the same, or the organization must provide services entirely or almost entirely to the police jury. The following component unit is reported as part of the police jury and blended with the appropriate police jury funds:

**Bossier Parish Library**. Bossier Parish Library does not possess all the corporate powers necessary to make them a legally separate entity and the police jury holds the Library's corporate powers. Therefore, we conclude that they are part of the police jury and their financial statements should be blended with those of the police jury.

Consolidated Waterworks / Sewerage District No. 1. The board of the Consolidated Waterworks / Sewerage District No. 1 is substantially the same as the police jury and policy jury can impose its will on the District by significantly influencing the activities of the District. Therefore, we conclude that they are part of the police jury and their financial statements should be blended with those of the police jury.

<u>Discrete Component Units</u> – Component units that are legally separate from the police jury, but are financially accountable to the police jury, or whose relationship with the police jury are such that exclusion would cause the police jury's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete are discretely presented. The police jury has identified the following discrete component units:

Bossier Parish Sheriff's Office, Bossier Parish Clerk of Court, Bossier Parish Tax Assessor, and the District Attorney for the Twenty–Sixth Judicial District. Even though these are independently elected officials and are legally separate from the police jury, they are fiscally dependent on the police jury. The officials are fiscally dependent because the police jury has approval authority over the officials' capital budget. The police jury has approval authority over the officials' capital budget because the office space for the officials is furnished by the police jury, major capital purchases for the officials are included in the police jury's overall budget, and title to real property is in the name of the police jury. By using the fiscal dependency criterion, we conclude that these organizations are component units of the police jury.

Bossier Parish Communications District Number One. This entity was created by the police jury. The Communications District is governed by a Board of Commissioners which are appointed by the police jury. The police jury is financially accountable for the communication district because it appoints a voting majority of the governing board and has the ability to impose its will on them.

#### **Other Special Districts**

There are a number of special districts located in Bossier Parish (fire and ambulance) that each provide services to a limited number of parish citizens. The police jury appoints all board members of those districts which do not include a municipality within their boundaries. Therefore, the police jury can impose its will on these districts. While these districts are responsible for obtaining voter approval for the levy of taxes or debt issuance, all related Louisiana State Bond Commission approvals must be obtained through the police jury. The police jury appoints two of the five board members of those districts which include a municipality and therefore cannot impose its will on these entities. However, it would be misleading to include some like districts in the financial statements while excluding others. These agencies are:

East–Central Bossier Parish Fire Protection District No. 1 South Bossier Parish Fire Protection District No. 2 Ivan Fire Protection District No. 3 Benton Fire Protection District No. 4 Northeast Bossier Parish Fire Protection No. 5 Bossier Parish Emergency Medical Services District Fire Protection District No. 7, Parish of Bossier

Complete financial statements of the individual component units may be obtained from their respective administration offices or from the Bossier Parish Police Jury at the Bossier Parish Courthouse in Benton, Louisiana.

The police jury has chosen to issue financial statements of the primary government (police jury) only; therefore, none of the previously listed discrete component units are included in the accompanying financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 14 provides for the issuance of primary government financial statements that are separate from those of the reporting entity. However, the primary government's (police jury) financial statements are not a substitute for the reporting entity's financial statements. The accompanying primary government financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental units. These financial statements are not intended to and do not report on the reporting entity but rather are intended to reflect only the financial statements of the primary government (police jury).

#### Other Related Organizations

Considered in the determination of component units of the reporting entity were the following:

Cypress-Black Bayou Recreation and Water Conservation District and Shreveport-Bossier Convention and Tourist Bureau. The police jury appoints only one (1) board member and has no significant contact or influence to the recreation district and tourist bureau.

The police jury appoints two (2) of seven (7) board members of the Caddo-Bossier Port Commission but has no significant contact or influence within the Port Commission.

The police jury appoints the board members of the Industrial Development Board of the Parish of Bossier, Inc., but does not have the ability to impose its will and no financial benefit/burden relationship exists between them.

It was determined that these governmental entities are not component units of the Bossier Parish Police Jury reporting entity because of the reasons listed above.

#### C. Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements

The Bossier Parish Police Jury's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the funds maintained by the Bossier Parish Police Jury as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Bossier Parish Police Jury's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. All of the Bossier Parish Police Jury's activities are categorized as governmental activities. The Bossier Parish Police Jury does not have any business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, the governmental activities column is presented on a consolidated basis and is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables, as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Bossier Parish Police Jury's net assets are reported in three parts – invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted net assets; and unrestricted net assets.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Bossier Parish Police Jury's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating, and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.).

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Bossier Parish Police Jury as an entity and the change in the Bossier Parish Police Jury's net assets resulting from the current year's activities.

#### D. Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Bossier Parish Police Jury are recorded in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The following fund types are used by the Bossier Parish Police Jury:

Governmental Funds – the focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Bossier Parish Police Jury:

- a. General fund is the general operating fund of the Bossier Parish Police Jury. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- b. Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.
- c. Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of funds for the periodic payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt.
- d. Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in the governmental category. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of fund category) for the determination of major funds.

The following major funds are presented in the fund financial statements:

General Fund – accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Highway Fund – accounts for the maintenance of parish highways, streets, and bridges.

Library Fund — accounts for the operation and maintenance of the parish libraries.

Capital Improvements Fund – accounts for the sales taxes received for capital improvement purposes including a maximum security jail and courthouse facilities.

BABS LCDA – accounts for the proceeds of Build America Bonds and the use of such proceeds.

Correctional Facilities Fund - accounts for the operation and maintenance of correctional facilities in Bossier Parish, including the furnishing of transportation and medical care for prisoners. Financing is provided by ad valorem tax revenue.

Industrial Park Construction Fund - accounts for financial resources used to acquire and construct facilities at the industrial park.

#### E. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### 1. Accrual:

The governmental funds in the government-wide financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

#### 2. Modified Accrual:

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual: i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

#### F. Budgets

The Policy Jury uses the following budget practices:

Proposed budgets for the ensuing year are prepared by the Treasurer during October of each year. During the month of November, the finance committee reviews the proposed budgets and makes changes as it deems appropriate. The availability of the proposed budgets for public inspection and the date of the public hearing on the budgets are then advertised in the official journal. The police jury holds a public hearing on the proposed budgets in order to receive comments from the public and other interested parties. Changes are made to the proposed budgets based on the public hearing and the desires of the police jury as a whole. The budgets are then adopted during a regular meeting or a special meeting held no later than 15 days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, and notice is published in the official journal.

The police jury receives periodic budget comparison statements during the year that are used as a tool to control the operations of the parish. The Treasurer presents necessary budget amendments to the police jury during the year when, in their judgment, actual operations differ materially from those anticipated in the original budgets. During a regular or special meeting, the police jury reviews the proposed amendments, makes changes as it feels necessary, and formally adopts the amendments. The adoption of the amendments is included in the police jury minutes published in the official journal.

The police jury exercises budgetary control at the functional level. Within functions, the Treasurer has the authority to make amendments of up to 5%, as necessary. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end and must be reappropriated in the next year's budget to be expended.

The availability of proposed budgets and the date of the public hearing for the 2010 budgets were published in the official journal on November 20, 2009. The 2010 budget hearings were held, and the budgets adopted at the jury meeting on December 2, 2009. Notice of adoption of the budgets was subsequently advertised in the official journal.

For the year ended December 31, 2010, the police jury adopted budgets on a cash basis for the general fund, all special revenue funds, all debt service funds, and all capital projects funds.

#### G. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash includes amounts in petty cash, demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, and time deposits. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Under state law, the police jury may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, money market accounts, or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law or any other state of the United States, or under the laws of the United States.

Investments are limited by R.S. 33:2955 and the police jury's investment policy. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### H. Restricted Cash and Investments

Restricted cash and investments represent amounts required by debt covenants to be segregated for capital projects.

#### I. Deferred Bond Issuance Cost

In the government-wide statements, issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, with approximate the effective interest method. Unamortized issuance costs are recorded as a separate line item on the Statement of Net Assets. Included in interest expense for the year ended December 31, 2010 was amortization of \$22,120.

For bond refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt reported in the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expenses.

#### J. Capital Assets

Capital assets, except for infrastructure, purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Infrastructure assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$200,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received.

Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	40-75 years
Infrastructure	10-50 years
Furniture	7–10 years
Equipment	5-30 years
Vehicles	5–25 years
Library books and information	5 years

#### K. Revenues

Ad valorem taxes and the related state revenue sharing are recorded in the year the taxes are assessed. Ad valorem taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis, become due on November 15 of each year, and become delinquent on December 31. The taxes are generally collected in December of the current year and January and February of the ensuing year. Sales tax revenues are recorded in the period in which the underlying exchange has occurred. Gaming tax revenues are recorded in the period during which the exchange transactions on which the tax is imposed occur. Fines, forfeitures, fees, and court costs are recognized in the period they are collected by the Bossier Parish Sheriff. Interest income on demand and time deposits is recorded when earned.

Federal and state grants are recorded when the police jury is entitled to the funds, except for certain federal grants which require funds not expended to be returned to the funding source. On those grants revenue is recognized only upon expending those funds. Grant funds received but not expended is reflected in the financial statements as deferred revenue.

#### L. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the government-wide financial statements.

#### M. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenues arise when assets are recognized before the revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that were not collected within the available period are recorded as deferred revenue.

#### N. Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation adopted by the police jury or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The police jury's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

#### O. Sales Taxes

During 1995 a special election was held in which a 1 ½% sales tax was passed in the Rural Sales Tax District of the Parish of Bossier, State of Louisiana. The sales tax is to be used for opening, operating, constructing and maintaining the public roads, bridges and drainage facilities.

During 1999, a special election was held in which a ¼% sales tax was passed in the Sales Tax District No. 1 of Bossier Parish, State of Louisiana. The sales tax is to be used for constructing, improving, acquiring, operating and maintaining facilities and equipment, ambulance service and otherwise paying the cost of ambulance service for the residents of Bossier Parish.

During 2000, a special election was held in which a ½% sales tax was passed in the Parish of Bossier, Sate of Louisiana. The sales tax is to be allocated 70% to the Bossier Parish Police Jury and 30% to the Law Enforcement District of the Parish of Bossier, represented by the Sheriff of Bossier Parish. The parish's share is to be used for capital improvement purposes including a maximum security jail and courthouse facilities. The 30% which is allocated to the Law Enforcement District of the Parish is sent directly to the Sheriff of Bossier Parish and is not reflected in the financial statements of the police jury.

#### P. Compensated Absences

Employees of the police jury earn from 5 to 15 days of vacation leave each year, depending on their lengths of service. In the event that available vacation is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees will be allowed to carry over all unused vacation time. Upon termination of employment, unused vacation benefits will be paid, up to a maximum of six (6) months. Accumulated vacation leave, or a portion thereof, may be converted to additional retirement benefit credit upon application for normal retirement, based on the rules and regulations determined by the retirement system to which they contribute.

Employees of the police jury will accrue sick leave benefits which are calculated on the basis of a "benefit year" at the rate of 12 days per year. Unused sick leave will be allowed to accumulate without limit. Unused sick leave benefits will not be paid to employees while they are employed or upon termination of employment.

Employees of the library earn from 6 to 24 days of vacation leave each year, depending on their professional status. Employees may carry no more than one-half of their normal yearly benefit forward to the next benefit year. Upon termination of employment, employees will be paid for unused vacation time that they are eligible for according to the police jury policy. Employees earn 12 days of sick leave each year that may be accumulated without limit. Accumulated sick leave is used in the employee's retirement benefit computation. Accumulated sick leave is forfeited upon termination of employment.

The current portion of compensated absences payable (the amount estimated to be used during the period of availability) is recorded as a liability in the fund financial statements. The entire balance of compensated absences payable is recognized as a liability in the government-wide financial statements. The non-current portion represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide statements.

#### Q. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported as either loans, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. Transfers between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

#### R. Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### S. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities in the statement of net assets. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### (2) New Accounting Standards

Effective January 1, 2010, the police jury implemented the following GASB statement: GASB Statement No. 51, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets." This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for intangible assets to reduce inconsistencies in reporting of these types of assets. The Statement requires that all intangible assets not specifically excluded by its scope and provision be classified as capital assets. There was no significant effect on the financial statements as a result of implementing this Statement.

The GASB has issued the following statement which will become effective for fiscal year beginning January 1, 2011: GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions." The objective of this Statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. The categories of fund balance presented in the police jury's financial statements will change as a result of implementing this Statement.

#### (3) Levied Taxes

The following is a summary of authorized and levied ad valorem taxes for the primary government for the year ended December 31, 2010:

	Authorized Millage	Levied <u>Millage</u>	Expiration Date
Parishwide taxes:			
General maintenance:			
Outside municipalities	4.00	2.63	Statutory
Within municipalities	2.00	1.31	Statutory
Road maintenance	1.99	1.99	2017
Library	8.31	7.48	2015
Health unit maintenance	.82	.82	2017
Correctional facilities	3.00	2.32	2011

The differences between authorized and levied millages are the result of the reassessment of taxable property required by Article 7, Section 23 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974.

#### (4) Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

At December 31, 2010, the police jury has cash, cash equivalents and investments (book balances), totaling \$56,608,784 as detailed below.

#### A. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents at December 31, 2010 (book balances) totaled \$17,935,148, of which \$8,211,969 is shown as restricted. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent.

#### B. Investments

At December 31, 2010, the police jury had investments totaling \$38,673,636 consisting of U.S. Treasury Bills and Notes with maturity dates in January and February, 2011, of which \$5,898,115 is shown as restricted. The market value of this particular type of investment is not materially different from its carrying amount. The investments are in the name of the police jury and are held by the police jury's fiscal agent.

#### C. Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. As of December 31, 2010, \$5,174,898 of the Police Jury's bank balances totaling \$14,356,024 were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's trust department not in the Police Jury's name:

Cash and cash equivalents \$ 5,174,898

Even though the pledged securities are considered uncollateralized (Category 3) under the provisions of GASB Statement 3, R.S. 39:1229 imposes a statutory requirement on the custodial bank to advertise and sell the pledged securities within 10 days of being notified that the fiscal agent has failed to pay deposited funds upon demand.

#### D. Restricted Cash and Investments

Restricted cash and investments at December 31, 2010, consists of amounts restricted for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of streets and roads, parks and recreational facilities, waterworks/sewerage facilities, and economic development facilities within the parish.

#### (5) Receivables

The following is a summary of receivables at December 31, 2010:

Class of		
<u>Receivable</u>		
Ad valorem taxes	\$	11,844,230
Sales and use taxes		2,589,821
Intergovernmental		780,997
Fees, charges, and		
commissions for services		61,991
Fines and forfeitures		101,913
Gaming		306,897
Mineral leases		31,539
Other	***************************************	125,799
Total – fund and government-wide statements	<u>\$</u>	<u> 15,843,187</u>

#### (6) Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payable and accrued expenses at December 31, 2010, consisted of the following:

Class of Payable		
Salaries and benefits	\$	142,659
Accounts		2,739,726
Compensated absences	***************************************	28,295
Total – fund statements		<u>2,910,680</u>
Accrued interest	***************************************	111,201
Total – government-wide statements	<u>\$</u>	<u>3,021,881</u>

#### (7) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2010, was as follows:

	Balance at Jan. 1, 2010	Transfers	Additions	D	eletions	Balance at Dec. 31, 2010
Governmental Activities:		THE RESIDENCE AND PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF T				
Capital assets, not being depreciated	<b>!</b> :					
Land	\$ 8,016,882		\$ 266,235	\$	(89,965)	\$ 8,193,152
Construction in progress	24,916,170	(23,307,861)	2,832,134			4,440,443
Total capital assets, not					constant on the second	10 000 505
being depreciated	32,933,052	(23,307,861)	3,098,369		(89,965)	12,633,595
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements	77,493,988	20,835,723	8,317,495			106,647,206
Infrastructure	138,246,636	2,472,138	18,234,796			158,953,570
Furniture, equipment & vehicles	7,499,744		2,107,307		(325,453)	9,281,598
Library books and information						
material	2,994,091		353,396			3,347,487
Total capital assets,						
being depreciated	226,234,459	23,307,861	29,012,994		(325,453)	278,229,861
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and improvements	(13,708,447)		(2,446,147)			(16,154,594)
Infrastructure	(28,748,103)		(3,721,329)			(32,469,432)
Furniture, equipment & vehicles	(4,607,760)		(592,539)		309,389	(4,890,910)
Library books and information	(-,,,		•			
material	(2,133,430)		(306,133)			(2,439,563)
Total accumulated depreciation	(49,197,740)	AND THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY	(7,066,148)		309,389	(55,954,499)
•		pp man area. Alembo dani giragi antananano ya veg endoho da daganininan a mondo dag				
Total capital assets, being						
depreciated, net	173,301,971		21,946,846	***************************************	(16,064)	195,232,753
Governmental activities capital	#200 0C0 774	œ	\$ 25,045,215	\$	(106,029)	\$234,908,957
assets, net	\$209,969,771	\$	ψ <u>Ζ</u> υ,υ <del>τ</del> υ, <u>Ζ</u> Ιυ	<del></del>	(100,020)	

Depreciation expense was charged to Governmental Activites as follows:

Judicial	4,285
Public safety	64,584
Public works	5,443,487
Health and welfare	16,509
Culture and recreation	512,150
Capital projects	134,834
Economic development	648,996
General government - other	241,303
·	\$ 7,066,148

#### (8) Interfund Balances

Interfund balances, on the fund statements, at December 31, 2010 consisted of the following:

	Zamoski ričin (dosopija da gravni saki d	STATES TO THE CONTROL OF THE CONTROL	vend with so a New York Street	ogae grajanda i databatus kili eta ekkulennyenyan suotaa at	No	on-Major	unavonezavanis	delenente en
				Capital	Gov	ernmental		
Transfer To	H	ighway	Impr	ovements		Funds		Total
General	\$	63,760	\$	9,031	\$		\$	72,791
Highway						37,183		37,183
Non-Major								
Governmental								
Funds				2,269		4,104	NO SHAREST CONTRACTOR	6,373
Total	\$	63,760	\$	11,300	\$	41,287	\$	116,347

The interfund balances are the result of entries needed to correct posting of amounts between Valerie Lane Debt Service Fund and Highway Fund, and balances resulting from the time lag between dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

#### (9) Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2010 consisted of the following:

					Trai	nsfer	From		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		*************************
	MONOCO-RESERVATION PROPERTY AND		CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF	340000000000000					Non-Major		
							Capital	G	overnmental		
Transfer To	General	ŀ	lighway		Library	lm	provements		Funds	OUTCOME AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON OF THE PER	Total
General	\$	\$	75,000	\$	DECEMBER AS AND ASSESSMENT OF THE PARTY OF T	\$		\$	33,050	\$	108,050
Highway									6,214,334		6,214,334
Capital Improvements									1,704,017		1,704,017
Corrections							1,000,000				1,000,000
Non-Major											
Governmental											
Funds	290,000		100,000		405,000	sulfananii in	3,852,000	sautomentorios	3,643,589	<b>CARGOSCOPIO</b>	8,290,589
Total	\$ 290,000	\$	175,000	\$	405,000	\$	4,852,000	\$	11,594,990	\$	17,316,990

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statue or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statue or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

#### (10) Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for	or the year end	ed December :	31, 2010, was	as follows:	A
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Certificate of Indebtedness:					
Certificates of Indebtedness, Series 2002 (Capital Improvements)	\$ 30,700,000	\$ -	\$(30,700,000)	\$ -	\$ -
Certificates of Indebtedness, Series 2005 (Library)	2,245,000		( 335,000)	1,910,000	350,000
Total certificate of Indebtedness	32,945,000		(31,035,000)	1,910,000	350,000
Revenue Bonds:					
Sales Tax Bond 2010	wheek	5,000,000	*****	5,000,000	******
Sales Tax Bond 2010A	naturane.	24,830,000	_	24,830,000	
Sales Tax Bond 2010B	esper	6,310,000	SHEET.	6,310,000	1,425,000
Series 2010 Build America Bo	ond –	8,162,000	selve	8,162,000	720,000
Revenue Bonds Series 2007 (LCDA Improvements)	16,200,000		( 625,000)	15,57 <u>5,000</u>	655,000
Total Revenue Bonds	16,200,000	44,302,000	( 625,000)		2,800,000
Other long-term liabilities:	10,200,000		and provide the second	A STATE OF THE STA	
-					
Special Assessment Debt– Paving Certificates	19,330	wa Silv	( 6,443)	12,887	6,443
Compensated absences Other post-employment	159,132	270,061	( 181,596)	247,597	154,636
benefit obligations	1,981,260	1,444,681		3,425,941	
Total other long-term liabilities	2,159,722	1,714,742	( 188,039	3,686,425	161,079
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$51,304,722	\$ 46,016,742	\$(31,848,039)	65,473,425	3,311,079
Less amounts due within peri recorded in accounts payable		and the second s		( 21,983	) ( 21,983)
Total long-term liabilities, government-wide statements		ontinued)		\$ 65,451,442	\$ 3,289,096

Certificates of indebtedness are comprised of the following issues:

Series 2005, original amount \$3,400,000 for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, improving and equipping the public library facilities and system; due in annual installments of \$240,000 to \$415,000 through March 1, 2015; interest rate of 3.67%; repayment of debt is paid from ad valorem taxes from the Library Fund

\$ 1,910,000

#### Revenue bonds consist of the following issues:

Series 2007, original amount \$17,325,000 for the purpose of the acquiring, constructing or improving streets and roads, parks and recreational facilities, and economic development facilities within the parish, title to which shall be in the public; interest rates range from 4.00% to 4.50%; due in annual installments of approximately \$1,310,000 through 2027. Repayment of debt will be from any lawfully available funds.

\$ 15,575,000

Sales Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A, original amount \$24,830,000 for the purpose of advance refunding the Series 2002 Bonds, thus providing debt reductions and recapture of the reserve fund; interest rate 2.73%; due in annual installments of approximately \$1,800,000 to \$3,230,000 through 2022. Repayment of debt will be from sales tax revenues.

24,830,000

Taxable Sales Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2010B, original amount \$6,310,000 for the purpose of advance refunding the Series 2002 Bonds, thus providing debt reductions and recapture of the reserve fund; interest rates range from 1.09% to 1.50%; due in annual installments of approximately \$1,400,000 to \$2,400,000 through 2013. Repayment of debt will be from sales tax revenues.

6.310.000

Sales Tax Bonds, Series 2010, original amount \$5,000,000, for the purpose of acquiring and constructing sewerage and water system facilities; interest rate of 1.1875%; due in annual installments of approximately \$2,500,000 through 2013. Repayment of debt will be from sales tax revenues.

5,000,000

Series 2010, Build America Bonds, original amount \$8,162,000 for the acquisition, upgrade, expansion and construction of parish owned public improvements; interest rate of 5.00%; due in annual installments of approximately \$720,000 to \$919,000 through 2020. Repayment of debt will be from any lawfully available funds.

8,162,000 \$ 59,877,000

### In-substance Defeasance of Series 2002 Indebtedness

In December, 2010, the police jury issued \$24,830,000 of Sales Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A and \$6,310,000 of Taxable Sales Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2010B, which was used for advance refunding of the Series 2002 indebtedness outstanding principal amount, (Refunded Bonds). The net proceeds of \$30,743,472 (after payment of cost of issuance) and approximately \$1,293,552 from the Refunded Bonds sinking and reserve funds were placed in special irrevocable trust fund established pursuant to the terms of an Escrow Deposit Agreement dated December 1, 2010 between the police jury and the Escrow Holder. The Escrow Holder used the proceeds to purchase a portfolio of Restricted Escrow Obligations which will be invested in the obligations of the United States of America. The Restricted Escrow Obligations will have maturities and interest rates sufficient to pay principal and interest payments and redemption premiums on the Refunded Bonds on the date the payments are due.

The police jury refunded the above indebtedness to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of debt service payments on the old and new debt) of approximately \$1,192,540.

The balance in the escrow was approximately \$32,037,025 at December 31, 2010. The balance of the defeased indebtedness was approximately \$29,050,000 at December 31, 2010. As a result, the Refunded Bonds are considered defeased and the liability has been removed from the financial statements.

Payments on long-term debt — certificates of indebtedness and revenue bonds are made from debt service funds. Compensated absences liability will be liquidated through various governmental funds. The liability for compensated absences at December 31, 2010, was allocated to the following funds: General fund (28%), Highway fund (38%), Library fund (27%), Sewer fund (1%), and Non-Major Governmental funds (6%). Payments on special assessment debt are made from collections of liens on assessed property.

Debt service requirements at December 31, 2010, were as follows:

	Certificate of Indebtedness								
Fiscal Year		Principal Principal		<u>nterest</u>		Total			
2011	\$	350,000	\$	63,675	\$	413,675			
2012		365,000		50,554		415,554			
2013		380,000		36,884		416,884			
2014		400,000		22,570		422,570			
2015		415,000		7,615		422,615			
	\$	1,910,000	\$	181,298	\$	<u>2,091,298</u>			

	Revenue Bonds						
Fiscal Year	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>				
2011	\$ 2,800,000	\$ 1,503,257	\$ 4,303,257				
2012	6,290,000	1,808,005	8,098,005				
2013	6,480,000	1,684,706	8,164,706				
2014	4,051,000	1,551,234	5,602,234				
2015	4,203,000	1,413,578	5,616,578				
2016–2020	23,293,000	4,827,571	28,120,571				
2021–2025	10,305,000	1,464,196	11,769,196				
2026–2027	2,455,000	166,950	2,621,950				
	\$59,877,000	<u>\$14,419,497</u>	<u>\$74,296,497</u>				
	Special Assessment Debt						
Fiscal Year	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Total				
2011	\$ 6,443	\$ 773	\$ 7,216				
2012	6,444	388	6,832				
	<u>\$ 12,887</u>	\$ 1,161	<u>\$ 14,048</u>				

### (11) Leases

The Police Jury leased office space under an operating lease. The rental cost on the office space was \$26,241 for the year ended December 31, 2010. There were no commitments under lease agreements having initial remaining terms in excess of one year.

### (12) Pension Plan

Plan Description. Substantially all employees of the Bossier Parish Police Jury are members of the Parochial Employees Retirement System of Louisiana (System), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees. The System is composed of two distinct plans, Plan A and Plan B, with separate assets and benefit provisions. All employees of the police jury are members of Plan A.

All permanent employees working at least 28 hours per week who are paid wholly or in part from parish funds are eligible to participate in the System. Under Plan A, employees who retire at or after age 65 with at least 7 years of creditable service, at or after age 60 with at least 10 years of creditable service, at or after age 55 with at least 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with at least 30 years of creditable service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 3% of their final-average salary for each year of creditable service. Final-average salary is the employee's average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produce the highest average. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established or amended by state statute.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Parochial Employees' Retirement System, Post Office Box 14619, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70898-4619, or by calling (225) 928–1361.

Funding Policy. State statute requires covered employees to contribute a percentage of their salaries to the plan. As provided by R.S. 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by an actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. Under Plan A, members are required by state statute to contribute 9.5% of their annual covered salary and the Bossier Parish Police Jury is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Contribution rates were 15.75%, 12.25%, and 12.75% of annual covered payroll for 2010, 2009, and 2008, respectively. Contributions to the System include one-fourth of one percent (except Orleans and East Baton Rouge Parishes) of the taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of each parish. These tax dollars are divided between Plan A and Plan B based proportionately on the salaries of the active members of each plan. The Bossier Parish Police Jury's contributions to the System under Plan A for the years ending December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008, were \$1,260,641, \$906,840, and \$835,384, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

### (13) Other Postemployment Benefits

**Plan Description**. The Bossier Parish Police Jury administers a single-employer defined benefit Other Post Employment Benefit plan (OPEB). The Bossier Parish Police Jury's medical benefits are provided through a comprehensive medical plan and are made available to employees upon actual retirement.

Most employees are covered by the Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana, whose retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: 30 years of service at any age; age 55 and 25 years of service; age 60 and 10 years of service; or, age 65 and 7 years of service. For employees hired on and after January 1, 2007, retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: age 55 and 30 years of service; age 62 and 10 years of service; or, age 67 and 7 years of service. For the few employees not covered by that system, the same retirement eligibility has been assumed. Complete plan provisions are included in the official plan documents.

Dental insurance coverage is provided to retirees. The employer pays 80% of the cost of the dental insurance for the retiree dependents. We have used the unblended rates provided. All of the assumptions used for the valuation of the medical benefits have been used for dental insurance except for the trend assumption; zero trend was used for dental insurance.

Life insurance coverage is available to retirees and the blended rate (active and retired) is approximately \$0.24 per \$1,000 of insurance. The employee pays 20% of the "cost" of the retiree life insurance, but it is based on the blended rate. Since GASB 45 requires the use of "unblended" rates, we have used the 94GAR mortality table described above to "unblend" the rates so as to reproduce the composite blended rate overall as the rate structure to calculate the actuarial valuation results for life insurance. All of the assumptions used for the valuation of the medical benefits have been used except for the trend assumption; zero trend was used for life insurance. Retiree insurance coverage amounts are reduced to a flat \$9,000, although certain current retirees have different amounts from prior schedules.

**Contribution Rates.** Employees do not contribute to their post employment benefits costs until they become retirees and begin receiving those benefits. The plan provisions and contribution rates are contained in the official plan documents.

Fund Policy. Until fiscal year ending December 31, 2008, the Bossier Parish Police Jury recognized the cost of providing post-employment medical and life benefits (the Bossier Parish Police Jury's portion of the retiree medical, dental, and life benefit premiums) as an expense when the benefit premiums were due and thus financed the cost of the post-employment benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Effective with the Fiscal Year beginning January 1, 2008, Bossier Parish Police Jury implemented Government Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post employment Benefits Other than Pensions (GASB 45). The requirements of GASB 45 were implemented prospectively. Accordingly, for financial reporting purposes, no liability was reported for the post-employment benefits liability at the date of transition. The funding policy is not to fund the ARC except to the extent of the current year's retiree funding costs.

In fiscal year ending December 31, 2010, the Bossier Parish Police Jury's portion of medical and dental funding cost for retired employees totaled \$297,090, and life totaled \$1,170. These amounts were applied toward the Net OPEB Benefit Obligation as shown in the table on the following page.

Annual Required Contribution. The Bossier Parish Police Jury's Annual Required Contribution (ARC) is an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB 45. The Annual Required Contribution (ARC) is the sum of the Normal Cost plus the contribution to amortize the Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL). A level dollar, open amortization period of 30 years (the maximum amortization period allowed by GASB 43/45) has been used for the post-employment benefits. The total ARC for the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2010 is \$1,748,685 (medical/dental), and \$29,583 (life) as set forth below:

	Medical/Dental	Life
Normal Cost	\$ 888,464	\$ 12,001
30-year UAL amortization amount	 860,221	 17,582
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 1,748,685	\$ 29,583

**Net Post-employment Benefit Obligation (Asset).** The table below shows Bossier Parish Police Jury's Net Other Post-employment Benefit (OPEB) Obligation (Asset) for fiscal year ending December 31, 2010:

	Medical/Dental	Life
1. Beginning Net OPEB Obligation (Asset) 1/1/2010	\$1,959,635	\$21,625
,		
Annual required contribution	1,748,685	29,583
3. Interest on Net OPEB Obligation		
(Asset): .04 X [1]	78,385	865
4. ARC Adjustment: [1]/17.292	113,326	1,251
5. OPEB Cost: [2]+[3]-[4]	1,713,744	29,197
6. Contribution	0	0
7. Current year retiree premium	297,090	1,170
8. Change in Net OPEB Obligation:	Add with Control and Control a	
[5]-[6]-[7]	1,416,654	28,027
9. Ending Net OPEB Obligation:		
(Asset) 12/31/2010: [1]+[8]	\$3,376,289	\$49,652

The following table shows Bossier Parish Police Jury's annual post employment benefits (PEB) cost, percentage of the cost contributed, and the net unfunded post employment benefits (PEB) liability (asset):

Post			Percentage of Annual	Net OPEB
Employment Benefit	Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed	Obligation (Asset)
Medical/Dental	December 31, 2010	\$1,713,744	6.61%	\$3,376,289
Life	December 31, 2010	\$29,197	4.01%	\$49,652
Medical/Dental	December 31, 2009	\$1,225,012	62.68%	\$1,959,635
Life	December 31, 2009	\$11,749	8.80%	\$21,625
Medical/Dental	December 31, 2008	\$1,242,639	61.95%	\$988,631
Life	December 31, 2008	\$11,944	8.66%	\$10,910

Funded Status and Funding Progress. In the fiscal year ending December 31, 2010, the Bossier Parish Police Jury made no contributions to its post employment benefits plan. The plan was not funded at all, has no assets, and hence has a funded ratio of zero. As of December31, 2010, the end of the fiscal year, the Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) was \$14,874,989 (medical/dental), and \$304,125 (life), which is defined as that portion, as determined by a particular actuarial cost method (the Bossier Parish Police Jury uses the Unit Credit Cost Method), of the actuarial present value of post employment plan benefits and expenses which is not provided by normal cost. Since the plan was not funded in fiscal years 2008, 2009, and 2010, the entire actuarial accrued liability of \$14,874,989 (medical/dental), and \$304,125 (life) was unfunded.

	Medical/Dental		Life	
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Actuarial Value of Plan	\$ 14,874,989	\$	304,125	
Assets	0		0	
Unfunded Act. Accrued Liability (UAAL) Funded Ratio (Act. Val. Assets/AAL)	\$ 14,874,989	\$_	304,125 0%	-
A558(5/AML)	0 76		0 70	
Covered Payroll (active plan members) UAAL as a percentage of	\$ 7,397,527	\$	7,397,527	
covered payroll	201.08%		4.11%	

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. The actuarial valuation for post employment benefits includes estimates and assumptions regarding (1) turnover rate; (2) retirement rate; (3) health care cost trend rate; (4) mortality rate; (5) discount rate (investment return assumption); and (6) the period to which the costs apply (past, current, or future years of service by employees). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The actuarial calculations are based on the types of benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan (the plan as understood by Bossier Parish Police Jury and its employee plan members) at the time of the valuation and on the pattern of sharing costs between Bossier Parish Police Jury and its plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between Bossier Parish Police Jury and plan members in the future. Consistent with the long-term perspective of actuarial calculations, the actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

**Actuarial Cost Method.** The ARC is determined using the Unit Credit Cost Method. The employer portion of the cost for retiree medical care in each future year is determined by projecting the current cost levels using the healthcare cost trend rate and discounting this projected amount to the valuation date using the other described pertinent actuarial assumptions, including the investment return assumption (discount rate), mortality, and turnover.

**Actuarial Value of Plan Assets.** Since the OPEB obligation has not as yet been funded, there are not any assets. It is anticipated that in future valuations, should funding take place, a smoothed market value consistent with Actuarial Standards Board ASOP 6, as provided in paragraph number 125 of GASB Statement 45.

**Turnover Rate.** An age-related turnover scale based on actual experience as described by administrative staff has been used. The rates, when applied to the active employee census, produce an annual turnover of approximately 5%. The rates for each age are below:

Age	Percent Turnover
18 - 25	8.0%
26 - 40	6.0%
41 - 54	5.0%
55+	4.0%

Post employment Benefit Plan Eligibility Requirements. Based on past experience, it has been assumed that entitlement to benefits will commence three years after eligibility to enter the D.R.O.P. Medical benefits are provided to employees upon actual retirement. Most employees are covered by the Parochial Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana, whose retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: 30 years of service at any age; age 55 and 25 years of service; age 60 and 10 years of service; or, age 65 and 7 years of service. For employees hired on and after January 1, 2007, retirement eligibility (D.R.O.P. entry) provisions are as follows: age 55 and 30 years of service; age 62 and 10 years of service; or, age 67 and 7 years of service. For the few employees not covered by that system, the same retirement eligibility has been assumed. Entitlement to benefits continue through Medicare to death.

**Investment Return Assumption (Discount Rate).** GASB Statement 45 states that the investment return assumption should be the estimated long-term investment yield on the investments that are expected to be used to finance the payment of benefits (that is, for a plan which is funded). Since the ARC is not currently being funded and not expected to be funded in the near future, we have performed this valuation using a 4% annual investment return.

Health Care Cost Trend Rate. The expected rate of increase in medical cost is based on projections performed by the Office of the Actuary at the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services as published in National Health Care Expenditures Projections: 2003 to 2013, Table 3: National Health Expenditures, Aggregate and per Capita Amounts, Percent Distribution and Average Annual Percent Change by Source of Funds: Selected Calendar Years 1990-2013, released in January, 2004 by the Health Care Financing Administration (www.cms.hhs.gov). "State and Local" rates for 2008 through 2013 from this report were used, with rates beyond 2013 graduated down to an ultimate annual rate of 5.0% for 2016 and later.

Mortality Rate. The 1994 Group Annuity Reserving (94GAR) table, projected to 2002, based on a fixed blend of 50% of the unloaded male mortality rate and 50% of the unloaded female mortality rates, was used. This is the mortality table which the Internal Revenue Service requires to be used in determining the value of accrued benefits in defined benefit pension plans. Since GASB 45 requires the use of "unblended" rates, we have used the 94GAR mortality table described above to "unblend" the rates so as to reproduce the composite blended rate overall as the rate structure to calculate the actuarial valuation results for life insurance.

Method of Determining Value of Benefits. The "value of benefits" has been assumed to be the portion of the premium after retirement date expected to be paid by the employer for each retiree and has been used as the basis for calculating the actuarial present value of OPEB benefits to be paid. The employer pays 80% of the cost of the medical insurance for the retirees and dependents. The rates provided applicable before age 65 are "blended" rates. Since GASB 45 mandates that "unblended" rates be used, we have estimated the "unblended" rates for two broad groups: active and retired before Medicare eligibility. It has been assumed that the retiree rate before Medicare eligibility is 130% of the blended rate.

### (14) Criminal Court Fund

R.S. 15:571.11 requires that one-half of any balance remaining in the criminal court fund at year—end be transferred to the parish General Fund. The following details the amount due at December 31, 2010:

Balance due at January 1, 2010	\$ 24,164
Amount due for 2010	30,349
Total	54,513
Remitted during 2010	( 24,164)
Balance due at December 31, 2010	<u>\$ 30,349</u>

### (15) Risk Management

The police jury purchases commercial insurance to provide workers compensation coverage and general liability and property insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year.

### (16) Commitments

The police jury expects to receive approximately \$2,490,000 in capital outlay from the State of Louisiana to establish a sewer district in the parish. It is the intent of the police jury to obtain loans from the State of Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality of approximately \$17,750,000 for the sewer district project. The police jury has signed a contract in relation to this project for approximately \$2,741,500 for engineering services. Of this amount, \$982,200 has been incurred as of December 31, 2010 and approximately \$1,759,300 will be incurred subsequent to December 31, 2010.

The police jury has additional commitments for signed construction, engineering, and other contracts of approximately \$16,051,941. As of December 31, 2010, approximately \$7,479,441 has been incurred as of December 31, 2010 and the balance remaining in these contracts was approximately \$8,572,500, which will be incurred subsequent to December 31, 2010.

### (17) Deficit Fund Balances

The Rural Development grants fund has a deficit fund balance of \$10,000, and Valerie Lane Debt Service has a deficit in fund balance of \$2,551 as of December 31, 2010.

### (18) Donated Infrastructure

Included in operating grants and contributions in the Statement of Activities is \$13,764,596 of donated infrastructure. The donations are the result of the Bossier Parish Police Jury's acceptance of subdivisions into the jury's road maintenance system. Also included in operating grants and contributions is \$8,338,883 for the Cyber Innovation Center paid by the State of Louisiana.

### (19) Litigation and Claims

At December 31, 2010, the police jury is involved in numerous lawsuits. In the opinion of legal counsel for the police jury, the potential loss on all claims and lawsuits will not be significant to the police jury's financial statements.

### (20) Economic Dependency

The following are the principal taxpayers for the parish and their 2010 assessed valuation.

	2010 Assessed <u>Valuation</u>		Percent of Total Assessed Valuation		
Horseshoe Entertainment Petrohawk Operating	\$ 28,93 24,83	•	2.90% 2.49%		
KCS Resources, LLC	19,89		2.00%		
J-W Operating	18,29	3,820	1.84%		
Southwestern Electric	17,20		1.73%		
Midcontinent Express	14,41	5,030	1.45%		
Halliburton Energy	13,37	3,580	1.34%		
Louisiana Riverboat	11,61	7,100	1.17%		
Gulf Crossing Pipeline	11,55	4,190	1.16%		
City of Shreveport	9,44	<u>5,360</u>	.95%		
	\$ 169,56	7,400	17.03%		

The police jury received gaming revenues of \$4,445,462 from local gaming establishments.

### (21) Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through July 7, 2011, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

# Bossier Parish Policy Jury Benton, Louisiana Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

								ance with
						1.8. 4		al Budget
•		Budgeted /	<u> 4mo</u>	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER.		ual Amounts		ositive
Revenues:		<u>Original</u>	- management of the contract o	Final	2	getary Basis)	normal designation of the last	egative)
Ad valorem taxes	\$	1,492,987	\$	1,530,000	\$	1,614,591	\$	84,591
Sales tax		1,625,000		1,780,000		1,946,242		166,242
Licenses and permits		559,800		563,500		579,489		15,989
Intergovernmental revenues		1,578,000		1,451,157		1,438,872		(12,285)
Fees, charges, and commissions for services		175,000		160,000		87,442		(72,558)
Use of money and property		20,000		7,400		7,102		(298)
Other revenues	and the same	431,850	enamente di città la	261,307	community.	247,456	Police Company (Artificial Street Company)	(13,851)
Total revenues		5,882,637	THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T	5,753,364	<del>co-universit</del> é	5,921,194	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN	167,830
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government:								4 mg mg 4 M
Legislative		380,800		381,050		333,337		47,713
Judicial		631,375		633,225		562,707		70,518
Elections		181,600		187,100		156,594		30,506
Finance and administrative		2,260,000		2,043,820		1,966,963		76,857
Other		260,641		262,931		264,431		(1,500)
Public safety		1,755,077		1,921,577		2,201,526		(279,949)
Public works		148,000						
Health and welfare		143,840		150,840		149,884		956
Culture and recreation		100,000		100,000		74,106		25,894
Capital projects		1,500		1,500				1,500
Economic development		191,677	www.commerce	191,677		171,059	************	20,618
Total expenditures	-	6,054,510	CADINATION OF THE PARTY OF THE	5,873,720	e souwerens	5,880,607	MENNOW HAVE	(6,887)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(171,873)	N/c/ph-Manager	(120,356)	gje spisospianocomus	40,587	SEED WEST PROCESSION	160,943
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in						121,684		121,684
Operating transfers out		(1,094,146)		(290,000)		(290,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,094,146)		(290,000)	-	(168,316)	waterment the	121,684
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other								
sources over expenditures and other uses		(1,266,019)		(410,356)	ı	(127,729)		282,627
Fund balances at beginning of year		1,863,857	***************************************	1,574,448	Me wassances	1,563,640	MANAGEMENT AND A STATE OF THE S	(10,808)
Fund balances at end of year	\$	597,838	\$	1,164,092	\$	1,435,911	\$	271,819
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-			AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT	-	CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE		***************************************

# Bossier Parish Policy Jury Benton, Louisiana Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Highway Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

								riance with nal Budget
		Budgeted	Am	ounts	Act	tual Amounts		Positive
Revenues:		Original		Final	(Bud	dgetary Basis)	(	Negative)
Ad valorem taxes	\$	1,517,000	\$	1,550,000	\$	1,644,289		94,289
Sales tax		8,500,000		9,300,000		10,249,891		949,891
License and permits		50,000		210,000		220,657		10,657
Intergovernmental revenues		3,760,000		3,224,558		3,354,939		130,381
Use of money and property		6,000		8,000		9,112		1,112
Other revenues		10,000		698,095	-	705,574		7,479
Total revenues		13,843,000		14,990,653	and contraction	16,184,462	THE STATE OF THE S	1,193,809
Expenditures: Current: General government:								
Finance and administrative		107,905		135,500		136,596		(1,096)
Public works		23,637,475		23,323,949		14,469,941		8,854,008
Total expenditures		23,745,380	*****	23,459,449	CONSTRUCTOR	14,606,537		8,852,912
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(9,902,380)	ano cominent his	(8,468,796)	and an extension of the second	1,577,925	00732440012 <del>****</del>	10,046,721
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out		(175,000)		1,830,322 (175,000)		6,214,334 (175,000)		4,384,012
Total other financing sources (uses	-	(175,000)	*CESHACCHERAN	1,655,322		6,039,334		4,384,012
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses		(10,077,380)	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	(6,813,474)		7,617,259		14,430,733
Fund balances at beginning of year	P=04/0+00009999	11,458,673	gar participants	12,750,361	ng langungscottung	12,758,338	*******	7,977
Fund balances at end of year	\$	1,381,293	\$	5,936,887	\$	20,375,597	\$	14,438,710

# Bossier Parish Policy Jury Benton, Louisiana Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Library Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

								riance with nal Budget
	Budgeted Amounts				Act	ual Amounts		Positive
Revenues:	second-habitation	Original	/~(111)C	Final	(Budgetary Basis)			Vegative)
Ad valorem taxes	\$	5,330,000	\$	5,825,000	\$	6,179,464	\$	354,464
Intergovernmental revenues	~	136,000	*	136,000	r	170,323		34,323
Fees, charges, and commissions		,		, ,				
for services		27,000		30,000		33,665		3,665
Fines and forfeitures		30,000		35,000		39,903		4,903
Use of money and property		1,000		4,000		4,680		680
Other revenues		36,921		28,656		14,869		(13,787)
Total revenues	CONTRACTOR	5,560,921	***************************************	6,058,656	NAME OF THE PERSON OF	6,442,904	***************************************	384,248
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government:								
Finance and administrative		170,000		190,000		188,786		1,214
Culture and recreation		4,985,921		5,463,656		4,064,687	MAGERIAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND	1,398,969
Total expenditures		5,155,921		5,653,656	60w0ws/50w0mmmm	4,253,473	OHENORNEED/COM	1,400,183
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	deferred management	405,000	MANAGE AND STREET	405,000	#1#/101#30#100**	2,189,431	топинаваентей	1,784,431
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers out		(405,000)		(405,000)		(405,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(405,000)	SERVICE AND ADDRESS OF THE SERVICE AND ADDRESS O	(405,000)	MANAGES AND	(405,000)	omanosconderane	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other								
sources over expenditures and other uses						1,784,431		1,784,431
Fund balances at beginning of year	*COMEON RATEOUN	2,656,426	esceles de la companya del companya de la companya del companya de la companya de	4,646,692	************	4,646,689	NAME OF THE PARTY	(3)
Fund balances at end of year	\$	2,656,426	\$	4,646,692	\$	6,431,120	\$	1,784,428

# Bossier Parish Policy Jury Benton, Louisiana Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Corrections

For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

				Variance with Final Budget
	Rudoeteo	d Amounts	Actual Amounts	Positive
Revenues:	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	(Negative)
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,768,500	\$ 1,807,500	\$ 1,916,982	\$ 109,482
Intergovernmental revenues	• -1,1,	27,488	27,488	
Fees, charges, and commissions		•	,	
for services	50,000	72,000	71,641	(359)
Use of money and property	1,500	1,200	1,276	76
Other revenues	5,000	3,800	4,303	503
Total revenues	1,825,000	1,911,988	2,021,690	109,702
•	addiscontrate second cities - 9 Gro Calabra and Consociones and Consociones and Consociones and Consociones	Lines and changes and open or provided and control and a second control and a second control and contr	METALOU STATEMENT (SEE OF THE COLUMN STATEMENT (SEE OF THE SEE OF THE COLUMN STATEMENT (SEE OF THE SEE OF THE SE	VISCO CHIC TREATE EN PROPERTIES HIS AND A BASE AND ASSESSED AS A STRAIN COMPANY COMPANY OF THE TREATE AS A STRAIN COMPANY OF THE TREATE AS A S
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government:				
Finance and administrative	55,848	58,600	58,554	46
Public safety	3,027,444	2,710,919	2,261,133	449,786
Total expenditures	3,083,292	2,769,519	2,319,687	449,832
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		( a) ma ( a) ( a)	(007 007)	CCO 504
over expenditures	(1,258,292)	(857,531)	(297,997)	559,534
Other financing agurage (uppe):				
Other financing sources (uses):  Operating transfers in	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	rywania anerosiani wano a a lata wa eta kata kata neozona ezentia eta kata pala tata
Total office interioring courses (accept	approximation of the contract	AND	to storphysique una sizu a circuit component procedy mandered and accomposition before a sizu and a component CVM.	описатом податуровного под верение и подот применения податуровного под податуровного под податуровного под под
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other				
sources over expenditures and other uses	(258,292)	142,469	702,003	559,534
·				
Fund balances at beginning of year	4,586,552	965,713	965,713	
			A 4 A A 100 100 1 A	A
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 4,328,260	<u> \$ 1,108,182</u>	\$ 1,667,716	\$ 559,534

### Bossier Parish Police Jury Benton, Louisiana Note to Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2010

Budget comparison statements included in the accompanying financial statements include the original adopted budgets and all subsequent amendments. The following schedule reconciles excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances (budget basis) with the amounts shown on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances (GAAP basis):

	_	eneral <sup>-</sup> und	H	ighway Fund	Philippine (Charles)	Library Fund	<u>Corr</u>	rections_
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses (budget	<b>*</b>	407 700)	d	7.047.050	r A	4 704 404	œ.	702.002
basis)	\$(	127,729)	\$	7,617,259	\$	1,784,431	\$	702,003
Adjustments:  Revenue accruals – net  Expenditures accruals –		234,581		436,839		407,626		130,727
net		53,021		18,142)	- Section - Sect	109,449	(	323,276)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses (GAAP								
basis)	\$(	<u> 159,873)</u>	\$	8,035,956	\$	2,301,506	\$	<u>509,454</u>

## Bossier Parish Police Jury Benton, Louisiana Schedule of Funding Progress for Retiree Health, Dental, and Life Plans For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded ALL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
1/1/2010		0 \$ 15,179,114	\$ 15,179,114	0	\$ 7,397,527	205%
1/1/2008	!	0 \$ 10,839,178	\$ 10,839,178	0	\$ 5,576,519	194%

Bossier Parish Police Jury
Benton, Louisiana
Supplemental Information Schedules –
Combining Schedules for Non-Major Funds
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2010

### Health Unit Fund

The Health Unit Fund accounts for the maintenance and operation of the parish health unit. Financing is provided by a special parish-wide ad valorem tax and interest earnings.

### Law Enforcement Fund

Act 582 of 2004 increased the witness fee paid to off-duty law enforcement officers in criminal cases from \$25 per day per case to \$50 per day per case, up to a maximum of \$150 per day. The act stipulated that no parish would be required to appropriate general fund money for payment of these fees, and provided for a special fund to be established for payment. The 26<sup>th</sup> Judicial District Court judges are taxing defendants to pay witness fees associated with their cases.

### **Criminal Court Fund**

The Criminal Court Fund was created by Section 571.11 of Title 15 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, which provides that fines and forfeitures imposed by district courts and district attorney conviction fees in criminal cases be transferred to the parish treasurer and deposited in a special criminal court fund account to be used for the expenses of the criminal court of the parish. Expenditures are made from the fund on motion of the district attorney and approval of the district judge. The statute also requires that one-half of the surplus (fund balance) remaining in the fund at December 31 of each year be transferred to the parish General Fund.

### **Detention Center Fund**

The Detention Center Fund accounts for the maintenance and operation of the detention center, which is a secure confinement facility providing temporary care for children under 17 years of age who are charged with delinquent offenses. These children are held pending their court cases. Financing is provided by the police jury and the City of Bossier City.

### **Section 8 Housing Fund**

The Section 8 Fund accounts for the operation of a Section 8 Housing Subsidy Program funded by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development. The program provides housing assistance payments to participating owners on behalf of eligible tenants to provide decent, safe and sanitary housing for low-income families at rents they can afford. Housing assistance payments are used to make up the difference between the approved rent due to the owner for the dwelling unit and the occupant family's required contribution toward the rent.

### Airline Drive Construction Fund

The Airline Drive Construction Fund was created to account for the construction/improvement of Airline Drive in Bossier Parish.

### Parks and Recreation Fund

The Parks and Recreation Fund was created to account for funds received from mineral leases to be used for the improvement of various parks and recreation facilities in Bossier Parish.

Bossier Parish Police Jury
Benton, Louisiana
Supplemental Information Schedules —
Combining Schedules for Non-Major Funds
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2010
(Continued)

### **LCDA Sinking Fund**

The LCDA Sinking Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the repayment of debt on revenue bonds issued for purposes of acquiring, constructing or improving streets and roads, parks and recreational facilities, and economic development facilities within the parish, title to which shall be in the public.

### Sales Tax Bonds Sinking Fund

The Sales Tax Bonds Sinking Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the repayment of debt on certificates of indebtedness issued for purposes of courthouse improvements/ renovations and construction of a new maximum security jail.

### **General Capital Projects**

The General Capital Projects Fund accounts for boarding fee funds received from three of the riverboats in Bossier Parish as well as the proceeds from taxes levied on slot machine proceeds. This money is to be utilized for various Capital Projects

### **LCDBG** Fund

The LCDBG Fund is used to account for a Louisiana Community Development Block Grant obtained from the State of Louisiana Division of Administration for the purpose of fire protection.

### **Rural Development Grant Fund**

The Rural Development Grant fund is used to account for various grants received from the State of Louisiana, Office of Rural Development, for various capital projects.

### Highway Certificates of Indebtedness Sinking Fund

The Highway Certificates of Indebtedness Sinking Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the repayment of debt on certificates of indebtedness issued for purposes of rural road construction.

### Library Certificates of Indebtedness Sinking Fund

The Library Certificates of Indebtedness Sinking Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the repayment of debt on certificates of indebtedness issued for purposes of construction of a library history center.

### Valerie Lane Debt Service Fund

The Valerie Lane Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the repayment of debt on paving certificates issued for purposes of improvements to Valerie Lane in Bossier Parish.

Bossier Parish Police Jury
Benton, Louisiana
Supplemental Information Schedules —
Combining Schedules for Non-Major Funds
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2010
(Continued)

### Courthouse / Jail Construction Fund

The Courthouse / Jail Construction Fund is used to account for the construction/improvement of the Bossier Parish Courthouse and a new jail in Bossier Parish.

### **Cyber Command Fund**

The Cyber Command Fund is used to account for the construction of the new Cyber Innovation Center.

### **LCDA Public Improvements**

The LCDA Public Improvement Fund accounts for the acquiring, constructing or improving streets and roads, parks and recreational facilities, and economic development facilities within the parish, title to which shall be in the public.

### Consolidated Waterworks / Sewerage District

The Consolidated Waterworks / Sewerage District was created by the Bossier Parish Police Jury for the purpose of acquiring a waterworks and sewerage system, and constructing and acquiring improvements and extensions to the waterworks and sewerage system. The District is still in the planning phase, and there have been no operations yet.

Bossier Parish Police Jury Benton, Louisiana Combining Balance Sheet Other Governmental Funds December 31, 2010

				»e		Criminal	na.	Ω	Detention	0)	Section 8		Airline Drive		Parks &	
	£	Health Unit	Ш	Enforcement		Court	Ę		Center		Housing	Ŝ	Construction	8	Recreation	
Assets	suppopositiva risonatura	- CONTRACTOR CONTRACTO	resource of													
Cash and cash equivalents	↔	79,534	€9	49,042	2		4,628	69	3,727	↔	626,323	↔	45,066	69	60,398	
Investments		1,359,967		159,996	ଓ ଓ		86,108				199,993		459,989		569,891 5,199	
Restricted cash Restricted investments				-			6.373									
Total assets	8	2,140,117	69	211,290	9	Section and appropriate the section of the section	97,109	မှ	3,727	8	826,316	8	505,055	49	435,588	
Liabilities and Fund Balances																
Liabilities: Accounts payable	€9	29,417	₩	98	\$ 008		54,678	69	923	↔	15,711	69		↔	43,509	
Due to other fund		64 2EO					12,082									
Deferred revenue Total liabilities	-	90,767		8(	800		66,760		923		15,711	damental de la company			43,509	, ,
Fund balances: Reserved Debt service																
Unreserved, reported in nonmajor: Special revenue funds		2,049,350		210,490	8		30,349		2,804		810,605		1		4 8 8 8	
Capital projects funds Total fund balances		2,049,350	0010-41-0110	210,490	06	ero es	30,349		2,804	Accessors dise	810,605	and a second sec	505,055 505,055		392,079 392,079	1 1
Total liabilities and fund balances	↔	2,140,117	<b>φ</b>	211,290	\$ 06		97,109	↔	3,727	8	826,316	8	505,055	0	435,588	11
	-	And the second s		The contract of the contract o	CALIFORNIA SECURIORISTICS	The state of the s		Total Control of the								

(Continued)

Bossier Parish Police Jury Benton, Louisiana Combining Balance Sheet Other Governmental Funds December 31, 2010

Highway Library Certificates of Indebtedness Indebtedness Sinking Sinking Fund Fund		\$ 5,394	\$ 5,394		49		5,394	0) 0) 5,394	
Rural Development Grants		↔	\$		\$ 10,000	10,000		(10,000)	
Padol		₩	8		↔	em mein edistrick de dissemblishight medicional bedes			
General Capital Projects		\$ 767,594 874,701 179,309	\$ 1,821,604		\$ 99,391	99,391		1,722,213	
Sales Tax Bond Sinking		\$ 371,203 1,334,974	\$ 1,706,177		₩		1,706,177	1,706,177	
LCDA Sinking Fund		\$ 109,408	\$ 109,408		↔		109,408	109,408	pod a manacama approjektivite propagatora and manacama appropriate and manacama a
	Assets	Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables Restricted cash Restricted investments	1 11	Liabilities and Fund Balances	Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other fund	Deferred revenue Total liabilities	Fund balances: Reserved Debt service	Special revenue funds Capital projects funds Total fund balances	منافانطونا ادام

(Continued)

Combining Balance Sheet Other Governmental Funds December 31, 2010 Bossier Parish Police Jury Benton, Louisiana

(Confinued)

Consolidated LCDA Waterworks / Total Other Public Sewerage Governmental	5,488 \$ \$ 111,320 \$ 2,245,779	5, 17, 17, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18	5,488 \$ 1,640,630 \$ 4,911,196 \$ 14,435,753		\$ 10,121 \$ 254,550 41,287 61,350	10,121 357,187	1,818,428	5,488       1,640,630       4,901,075       9,166,540         5,488       1,640,630       4,901,075       14,078,566	
Courthouse / Cyber Jail Construction Command	₩		\$		€			5,	
Valerie Lane Debt Service	\$ 6,654 \$	10,000	\$ 16,654		\$ 19,205	19,205	(2,551)	(2,551)	
	Assets Cash and cash equivalents	Investments Receivables Restricted cash Restricted investments	Due from other fund Total assets	Liabilities and Fund Balances	Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other fund	Deferred revenue Total liabilities	Fund balances: Reserved Debt service	Unreserved, reported in nonmajor: Special revenue funds Capital projects funds Total fund balances	Total liabilities

### Bossier Parish Police Jury Benton, Louisiana Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Revenues:	<u></u>	Health Unit	Enf	Law forcement	motivationers	Criminal Court		etention Center		ection 8 lousing		Airline Drive nstruction		arks & creation
Ad valorem taxes Intergovernmental revenues	\$	722,222 52,222	\$		\$		\$	150,000	\$	3,810,770	\$		\$	
Fees, charges and commissions for service				49,066		299,643		11,422						
Fine and forfeitures Investment earnings Miscellaneous		960 1,875		91		1,126,559				377 27,875		289		163 377,104
Total revenues		777,279		49,157	-	1,426,202		161,422	***************************************	3,839,022		289		377,267
Expenditures: Current: General government: Zoning and planning Judicial						1,302,882								
Finance and administrative Other		22,295				17,717				444,261				
Public safety Public works		160,693		15,550				938,987						
Health and welfare Culture and recreation Economic development		275,464								3,327,200				289,359
Capital Outlay Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and other charges Bond issuance costs						378,888								
Total expenditures		458,452		15,550	CHAPTER	1,699,487		938,987		3,771,461				289,359
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		318,827		33,607		(273,285)	***************************************	(777,565)	programmer.	67,561	***************************************	289		87,908
Other financing sources (uses) Proceeds from sale of bonds Proceeds from refunding bonds														
Payment to refunded bond escrow age Transfers in Transfers out	2116					290,000 (10,530)		760,000			***************************************	100,000	***************************************	
Total other financing sources	-		2444			279,470	Antonomicological	760,000	*************		-	100,000		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures		318,827		33,607		6,185		(17,565)		67,561		100,289		87,908
Fund balances at beginning of year		1,730,523	NIPAGO PER	176,883		24,164	***************************************	20,369	***************************************	743,044	***************************************	404,766	***************************************	304,171
Fund balances at end of year	\$	2,049,350	\$	210,490	\$	30,349	\$	2,804	\$	810,605	\$	505,055	\$	392,079

### Bossier Parish Police Jury Benton, Louisiana

### Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

(Continued)

	LCDA Sinking Fund	Sales Tax Bond Sinking	General Capital Projects	LCDBG	Rural Development Grants	Highway Certificates of Indebtedness Sinking Fund	Library Certificates of Indebtedness Sinking Fund
Revenues:	Annicon contract and the form of the form	ратишния чистронов. (В верходоворовального дражителення в Вистейня					
Ad valorem taxes	\$	\$	\$	\$ 171,954	\$ 114,010	\$	\$
Intergovernmental revenues Fees, charges and commissions for service			2,766,110	171,954	114,010		
Fine and forfeitures Investment earnings		1,533	320				2
Miscellaneous Total revenues		1,533	2,766,430	171,954	114,010		
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government:  Zoning and planning  Judicial  Finance and administrative			66,838				
Other					400.000		
Public safety			219,176 75,368		120,609		
Public works Health and welfare			75,500				
Culture and recreation							
Economic development			1,125,007				
Capital Outlay			388,100	171,954			
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	625,000	1,650,000					335,000
Interest and other charges	682,875	2,126,192					76,244
Bond issuance costs		378,396	4.074.400	171,954	120,609		411,244
Total expenditures	1,307,875	4,154,588	1,874,489	1/1,954	120,009	***************************************	47 1 1, Z 4747
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	(1,307,875)	(4,153,055)	891,941		(6,599)		(411,242)
Other financing sources (uses) Proceeds from sale of bonds							
Proceeds from refunding bonds		31,140,000					
Payment to refunded bond escrow age	ent	(31,389,613)					
Transfers in	1,308,289	3,092,000	1,828,701		6,599		405,000
Transfers out			(1,808,288)		6 500		405,000
Total other financing sources	1,308,289	2,842,387	20,413		6,599	1000 mm m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m	400,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures	414	(1,310,668)	912,354				(6,242)
Fund balances at beginning of year	108,994	3,016,845	809,859	**************************************	(10,000)	***************************************	11,636
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 109,408	\$ 1,706,177	\$ 1,722,213	\$	\$ (10,000)	\$	\$ 5,394

### Bossier Parish Police Jury

### Benton, Louisiana Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2010 (Continued)

Ad valorm taxes s s s s s S S S S S S S S S S S S S S			rie Lane Service	Courthouse / Jail Construction		Cyber ommand	LCDA Public Improveme	<u>nt</u>	Wat Se	esolidated erworks / ewerage District		otal Other vernmental Funds
Transfer	Revenues:											
Fine and forfeitures   Fine and forfeitures   1,126,559     Investment earnings   1,131   979   434   1,173   7,452     Miscellaneous   3,457   410,311     Total revenues   4,588   979   434   784,073   10,474,841     Expenditures:   Current:	Intergovernmental revenues	\$		\$	\$		\$		\$	782,900	\$	•
Price and Unremotes   1,131   979   434   1,173   7,452   410,311   70tal revenues   3,457   3   410,311   70tal revenues   3,457   3   410,311   70tal revenues   3,457   3   434   784,073   10,474,641   10,474,641												
Miscellaneous   3,457	Fine and forfeitures											
Total revenues 4.588 979 434 784,073 10.474,641  Expenditures:  Current:  General government:  Zoning and planning	Investment earnings			979			4	34		1,173		
Expenditures	Miscellaneous	***************************************			***************************************			~ .		704 070		
Current:   Ceneral government:   Zoning and planning	Total revenues		4,588	979	***************************************	ann an a marainn feart dealarth all a feart ann an	4	34		704,073		10,474,041
Zoning and planning	•											
1,302,882   1,30	General government:											66 939
District	-											
Other Public safety 44,681 9 73,825 193,883 Health and welfare 36,002,664 Culture and recreation 5,811 51,640 828,910 882,488 2,650,340 Capital Cultlary 838,613 Capital Cultlary 838,61										85.453		
Public works 44,681 9 73,825 193,883 190 3,602,664 289,359 150,000 160,000 17,777,063 10,139,100 17,000 17,										60,400		
Health and welfare Culture and recreation Economic development Capital Outlay Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and other charges Bond issuance costs Total expenditures Total expenditures  Cover e	•									70 005		
Culture and recreation         289,359           Economic development         5,811         51,640         82,488         2,650,340           Capital Outlay         828,910         882,488         2,650,340           Debt service:         Principal retirement         6,443         2,616,443           Interest and other charges         1,160         39,862         418,258           Bond issuance costs         13,414         873,591         51,640         9         1,081,628         17,234,337           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         (8,826)         (872,612)         (51,640)         425         (297,555)         (6,759,696)           Other financing sources (uses)         Proceeds from sale of bonds         5,000,000         31,140,000<	•			44,681				9		73,825		
Economic development   5,811   51,640   882,488   2,650,340	11000000											
Second file development   Second file deve						E4.040						
Debt service:  Principal retirement 6,443 Interest and other charges 1,160 Bond issuance costs Total expenditures 13,414  Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (8,826) (872,612) (51,640) 425 (297,555) (6,759,696)  Other financing sources (uses) Proceeds from sale of bonds Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Transfers out Total other financing sources (1,124) (1,623,915) (72,700) (7,777,063) (301,370) (11,594,990) Total other financing sources (9,950) (2,496,527) (124,340) (7,776,638) 4,901,075 (5,313,710)  Fund balances at beginning of year 7,399 2,496,527 129,828 9,417,268	'		5,811	000 040		51,640				222 422		
Principal retirement         6,443         2,616,443           Interest and other charges         1,160         39,862         418,258           Bond issuance costs         13,414         873,591         51,640         9         1,081,628         17,234,337           Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures         (8,826)         (872,612)         (51,640)         425         (297,555)         (6,759,696)           Other financing sources (uses) Proceeds from sale of bonds Payment to refunding bonds Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Transfers in Transfers out Transfers out Total other financing sources (1,124) (1,623,915) (72,700) (7,777,063) (301,370) (11,594,990) Total other financing sources (1,124) (1,623,915) (72,700) (7,777,063) (301,370) (11,594,990)         8,290,589           Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures         (9,950) (2,496,527) (124,340) (7,776,638) 4,901,075 (5,313,710)         (5,313,710)           Fund balances at beginning of year         7,399 (2,496,527) (124,340) (7,776,638) 9,417,268         4,901,075 (5,313,710)	•			828,910						002,400		2,000,0.0
Interest and other charges   1,160   2,886,471     Interest and other charges   1,160   39,862   418,258     Total expenditures   13,414   873,591   51,640   9   1,081,628   17,234,337     Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures   (8,826)   (872,612)   (51,640)   425   (297,555)   (6,759,696)     Other financing sources (uses)   700,000   700			0.440									2.616,443
Bond issuance costs	•											
Total expenditures 13,414 873,591 51,640 9 1,081,628 17,234,337  Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (8,826) (872,612) (51,640) 425 (297,555) (6,759,696)  Other financing sources (uses) Proceeds from sale of bonds Proceeds from refunding bonds Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Transfers in Transfers out (1,124) (1,623,915) (72,700) (7,777,063) (301,370) (11,594,990) Total other financing sources (1,124) (1,623,915) (72,700) (7,777,063) 5,198,630 1,445,986  Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures (9,950) (2,496,527) (124,340) (7,776,638) 4,901,075 (5,313,710)  Fund balances at beginning of year 7,399 2,496,527 129,828 9,417,268 19,392,276			1,100							39,862		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (8,826) (872,612) (51,640) 425 (297,555) (6,759,696)  Other financing sources (uses) Proceeds from sale of bonds Proceeds from refunding bonds Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Transfers in Transfers out (1,124) (1,623,915) (72,700) (7,777,063) (301,370) (11,594,990) Total other financing sources (1,124) (1,623,915) (72,700) (7,777,063) 5,198,630 1,445,986  Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures (9,950) (2,496,527) (124,340) (7,776,638) 4,901,075 (5,313,710)  Fund balances at beginning of year 7,399 2,496,527 129,828 9,417,268 19,392,276		***************************************	13 414	873.591	***************************************	51,640		9				17,234,337
Other financing sources (uses) Proceeds from sale of bonds Proceeds from refunding bonds Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (1,124) (1,623,915) (72,700) (7,777,063) (301,370) (11,594,990) Total other sources over expenditures (9,950) (2,496,527) (124,340) (7,776,638) 4,901,075 (5,313,710)  Fund balances at beginning of year 7,399 2,496,527 129,828 9,417,268 19,392,276	Total expenditures	***************************************			***************************************	NACONAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND	***************************************					
Other financing sources (uses)  Proceeds from sale of bonds  Proceeds from refunding bonds  Payment to refunded bond escrow agent  Transfers in  Transfers out  Total other financing sources  Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures  (9,950)  Total balances at beginning of year  Transfers  (9,950)  Transfers  (1,124)  (1,623,915)  (1,623,915)  (1,623,915)  (1,623,915)  (1,72,700)  (1,777,063)  (1,777,063)  (1,777,063)  (1,777,063)  (1,777,063)  (1,777,063)  (1,777,063)  (1,777,063)  (1,445,986)  Transfers  (1,124)  (1,623,915)  (1,623,915)  (1,623,915)  (1,72,700)  (1,777,063)  (1,777,063)  (1,777,063)  (1,777,063)  (1,777,063)  (1,901,075)  (1,445,986)  Transfers  (1,124)  (1,623,915)  (1,623,915)  (1,623,915)  (1,777,063)  (1,777,063)  (1,777,063)  (1,777,063)  (1,401,075)	• • • •		(8,826)	(872,612)		(51,640)		425_	-	(297,555)	\	(6,759,696)
Proceeds from sale of bonds Proceeds from refunding bonds Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources  Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures  Total balances at beginning of year  Total balances at beginning of year  Total other financing outces  Total balances at beginning of year  Total balances at beginning of year  Total balances at beginning of year  Total balances at balances at balances  Total balances at balances  Total balances at balances  Total balances	•	ACT CONTRACT	***************************************									
Proceeds from refunding bonds Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources  Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures  Fund balances at beginning of year  7,399  2,496,527  131,140,000 31,140,000 8,290,589 500,000 8,290,589 (72,700) (7,777,063) (301,370) (7,777,063) 5,198,630  1,445,986  4,901,075 (5,313,710)  19,392,276	Other financing sources (uses)									r 200 000		£ 000 000
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources Textures (45,000)  Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures Total balances at beginning of year Total balances at beginning of year Total balances (41,124) Total balances (										5,000,000		, .
Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources  Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures  (9,950)  Fund balances at beginning of year  (1,124)  (1,623,915)  (1,623												
Transfers out (1,124) (1,623,915) (72,700) (7,777,063) (301,370) (11,594,990) Total other financing sources (1,124) (1,623,915) (72,700) (7,777,063) 5,198,630 1,445,986  Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures (9,950) (2,496,527) (124,340) (7,776,638) 4,901,075 (5,313,710)  Fund balances at beginning of year 7,399 2,496,527 129,828 9,417,268 19,392,276		gent								500.000		
Total other financing sources (1,124) (1,623,915) (72,700) (7,777,063) 5,198,630 1,445,986  Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures (9,950) (2,496,527) (124,340) (7,776,638) 4,901,075 (5,313,710)  Fund balances at beginning of year 7,399 2,496,527 129,828 9,417,268 19,392,276				/4 000 04E)		(70 700)	(7 777)	U831				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures (9,950) (2,496,527) (124,340) (7,776,638) 4,901,075 (5,313,710) Fund balances at beginning of year 7,399 2,496,527 129,828 9,417,268 19,392,276									-			
and other sources over expenditures (9,950) (2,496,527) (124,340) (7,776,638) 4,901,075 (5,313,710)  Fund balances at beginning of year 7,399 2,496,527 129,828 9,417,268 19,392,276	Total other financing sources	***************************************	(1,124)	(1,023,913)		(12,100)	(13111)	000)	-	0,100,000		
Fund balances at beginning of year 7,399 2,496,527 129,828 9,417,268 19,392,276	Excess (deficiency) of revenues											15 040 74C
Full balances at beginning of year 1,000 Eq. (604.075 - 6. 44.079 FEE	and other sources over expenditure	:8	(9,950)	(2,496,527)		(124,340)	(7,776,	638)		4,901,075		(5,313,710)
Fund balances at end of year \$ (2,551) \$ - \$ 5,488 \$ 1,640,630 \$ 4,901,075 \$ 14,078,566	Fund balances at beginning of year	***************************************	7,399	2,496,527		129,828	9,417,	268	. suremanujelijenije			19,392,276
	Fund balances at end of year	\$	(2,551)	\$ -	\$	5,488	\$ 1,640,	630	\$	4,901,075	\$	14,078,566

## Bossier Parish Police Jury Benton, Louisiana Supplemental Information Schedule Schedule of Compensation Paid Police Jurors December 31, 2010

	ADJUDIÇÃO MAIO	Amount
W. Wayne Hammack	\$	14,954
Winfred Johnston		14,954
Jerome L. Darby		14,904
Rick L. Avery		14,904
Brad Cummings		14,954
Jimmy Cochran, President		14,954
Bill Altimus		14,954
Glenn Benton		14,904
Wanda Bennett		14,904
Barry Butler		14,954
Paul Plummer		14,954
Hank Meachum	Security Appropriate	14,954
Total	\$	179,248

The schedule of compensation paid to police jurors is presented in compliance with House Concurrent Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 Session of the Louisiana Legislature. Compensation of the police jurors is included in the legislative expenditures of the General Fund. In accordance with Louisiana Revised Stature 33:1233, the police jury has elected the monthly payment method of compensation.

Bossier Parish Police Jury
Benton, Louisiana
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Federal Grantor / Pass-Through Grantor / Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Expenditures	res
U.S. Department of Defense Direct Progam - Payment in-Lieu-of Taxes	12.112	Unknown	\$ 27	73,817
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Direct Programs: Housing Choice Vouchers Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing	14.871 14.VSH	LA190V0	\$ 3,58; 186	3,582,442 189,019
Passed through Louisiana Division of Administration, Office of Community Development Community Development Block Grant Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	14.228	685210	3,94	171,954 3,943,415
Department of Homeland Security Passed through the Governor's Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness Hazard Mitigation Disaster Recovery Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security	97.039	1603n-015-0006 Unknown	390	6,500 395,699 402,199
U.S. Department of Energy Passed through the Louisiana Department of Natural Resources Disaster Housing Assistance Grant	81.128	EEA-1008	2	27,488
Environmental Protection Agency Passed through the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality ARRA - Diesel Emissions Reduction Act	66.040	Unknown	23	238,713
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 4,68	4,685,632

NOTE 1: The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

### **COOK & MOREHART**

### Certified Public Accountants

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MEMBER
AMERICAN INSTITUTE
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

SOCIETY OF LOUISIANA
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance
And Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements
Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Bossier Parish Police Jury Benton, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying primary government financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bossier Parish Police Jury, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated July 7, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Bossier Parish Police Jury's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bossier Parish Police Jury's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion of the effectiveness of the Bossier Parish Police Jury's internal over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Bossier Parish Police Jury's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and others within the organization and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Cook & Morehart

Certified Public Accountants

July 7, 2011

### **COOK & MOREHART**

### Certified Public Accountants

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Report on Compliance With Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control

Over Compliance In Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

Bossier Parish Police Jury Benton, Louisiana

### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Bossier Parish Police Jury with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2010. Bossier Parish Police Jury's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Bossier Parish Police Jury's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Bossier Parish Police Jury's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on test basis, evidence about Bossier Parish Police Jury's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Bossier Parish Police Jury's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Bossier Parish Police Jury complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2010.

### Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Bossier Parish Police Jury is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Bossier Parish Police Jury's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bossier Parish Police Jury's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and others within the organization and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Cook & Morehart

Certified Public Accountants

July 7, 2011

### Bossier Parish Police Jury Benton, Louisiana Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings December 31, 2010

There were no findings related to federal awards programs in the prior year audit for the year ended December 31, 2009.

### Schedule of Finding and Questioned Costs December 31, 2010

### A. Summary of Audit Results

- The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the primary government's governmental
  activities and each major fund of Bossier Parish Police Jury, and an adverse opinion on the
  aggregate remaining fund information due to the aggregate discretely presented component units
  not being included.
- 2. No significant deficiencies are reported in the Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Bossier Parish Police Jury were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies are reported in the Report on Compliance With Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Bossier Parish Police Jury expresses an unqualified opinion.
- 6. There are no audit findings relative to the major federal award programs for Bossier Parish Police Jury reported in Part C. of this Schedule.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs included the Low-Income Housing Assistance Program, CFDA #14.871, and the Disaster Recovery Program, CFDA #97.036.
- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. Bossier Parish Police Jury qualifies as a low-risk auditee.
- B. Findings Financial Statements Audit: None
- C. Findings and Questioned Costs Major Federal Award Programs Audit: None

Bossier Parish Police Jury
Benton, Louisiana
Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings
Schedule For Louisiana Legislative Auditor
December 31, 2010

There were no findings, questioned costs, or management letter comments for the prior year audit for the year ended December 31, 2009.

Corrective Action Plan For Current Year Audit Findings Schedule For Louisiana Legislative Auditor December 31, 2010

There are no findings, questioned costs, or management letter comments for the current year audit for the year ended December 31, 2010.